DAILY DEMOCRAT-FORUM

NEWS DISPATCHES FROM THE INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

VOLUME 10 — MARYVILLE, MISSOURI THURSDAY, SEPT. 4, 1919 — NO. 74

223 CASES UP FOR SEPTEMBER COURT

26 DIVORCE SUITS FILED FOR JUDGE JOHN M. DAWSON

36 ARE CRIMINAL TRIALS

Some of These Are Eight or Ten Years Old—Circuit Clerk Plans To Have Docket Printed Soon.

When Judge John M. Dawson starts the next session of the Nodaway county circuit court Monday, September 22, he will find himself facing a docket of 223 cases, if no additions are made to those already filed with the circuit clerk. Of these, 22 are parole cases; 36 are criminal cases, ranging from disturbing the peace to burglary and larceny; 74 are cases on the equity docket, including 8 suits in partition, 24 suits to perfect title and 26 divorce cases; and the remaining 91 are trial cases, which may demand a jury. Included in this last class are damage suits and the like.

Some of these cases are eight or ten years old, according to Henry Westfall, circuit clerk. Mr. Westfall expects to have the docket ready for the printer by the end of the week. The parole cases will come up the first day. The equity cases will be on the first and second days. After they are disposed of the jury cases will be taken up. The petit jury, consisting of twenty-four men from over the county, with one alternate for each man, as provided for under the new jury system, has been called to be present Wednesday, September 24.

Of the 24 divorce cases, 16 have been filed by wives and 10 by husbands. Indignities are alleged in many cases.

Among the criminal cases, which include several for violation of the local option laws and a number for illegal operation of motor cars, is one against Clint Hewitt for grand larceny, which regulted in a hung jury at the last session. This is a Pickering hog-stealing case. Watson Richey of near Barnard will come up on a charge of felonious assault.

A charge of perjury against Charley Gibbs will be tried. This is in connection with the testimony given in the arson trial of Mark M. Adkins, which is now in the state supreme court. A fire at the Gregory garage at Clearmont started the trouble.

D. A. Bledsoe is on the docket on a charge of felonious wounding in connection with a bomb that exploded in a shock of fodder. This is a case from near Guilford.

George W. Butler wil be tried for forgery. Arthur Hartness has a grand larceny charge against him in connection with some liquor that disappeared from a freight car at Burlington Junction. George Monday, a traveling man, who engaged in a fight in a Greek cleaning and pressing establishment in Maryville in the course of which a window was broken, has a charge against him of felonious injury to property.

Buys Property in Maryville.

Mrs. Amanda Dungan Bunz writes Hopkins friends that she and her husband will soon move to Maryville where they have bought property, selling their home at Oregon, Mo., a few weeks ago. Mrs. Bunz owns a big farm near this city and the only wonder is, they didn't buy property here instead of at Maryville, this being a much nicer town than the county seat in which to live.—Hopkins Journal.

Egyptian Premier Escapes Death.

London, Sept. 4.—An unsuccessful attempt was made to assassinate the Egyptian premier with a bomb, said an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Cairo today. The bomb was thrown by a theological student, who made no effort to escape.

Elmo Couple Licensed to Wed.

A marriage license was issued here yesterday to Arthur C. Hamilton and Miss Anna Beatrice Campbell, moth of Elmo.

TONIGHT

NAZIMOVA

In

EYE FOR EYE

FRIDAY, SEPT. 5

Big "V" Comedy

BEAUTY AND BOOTY

Also Perils of Thunder Mountain

Two Matinees

at 2:30 4:15 6-11c

Night 8:00 9:15 11-17c

WILL GO TO HEAR PRESIDENT SPEECH AT K. C. SATURDAY

Men Reserve Rooms at Friday Night—Leave Afternoon

State Historical Society COLUMBIA

A num... ...ville men are intending to ... as City to hear President Wi... at the Convention Hall in ... city on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. The party is intending to leave Maryville Friday afternoon and have had rooms reserved for them at the Coates Hotel in Kansas City for Friday night.

In the delegation will be L. E. Carpenter, L. C. Cook, Floyd Cook, George Robb Ellison, J. J. Heifner, George B. Baker, S. G. Gillam, Dr. F. M. Ryan, J. Ed Costello, M. E. Ford, J. D. Ford, D. R. Baker, G. B. Holmes, Dr. F. C. Wallis, Charles McCaffrey, J. F. Montgomery, John Aley, George Pat Wright, Warren Jones, Henry Thorp, O. L. Holmes, U. S. Wright, E. G. Cook, W. G. Sawyers, C. P. Anderson, W. A. Burris, Arthur S. Robey, Frank Barmann, James Todd and George L. Wilfley.

BAPTISTS HEAR REPORTS AND ELECT THEIR CHURCH OFFICERS

Church Spent 6,014.59; Sunday School, $350 — Delegates to Elmo Meeting Named

The members of the First Baptist church last night elected new church officers for the coming year and heard the financial statements and reports of the departments of the church.

Church disbursements for the past year were $6,014.59. Sunday school disbursements were $350.

The new deacons are J. R. Lowry, W. A. White, Arthur Warner and Clyde Bliss.

The new church officials elected at last night's meeting are: Charles Hyslop, clerk; C. D. Allen, treasurer; Miss Eva Davis, missionary treasurer; Miss Eudora Allen, pianist; William Everhart, Miss Lucile Holmes and Mrs. W. C. Ferguson, music committee; Sunday school superintendent, J. R. Lowry

The messengers for the association meeting at Bethel Church, near Elmo, September 10 and 11, are: Rev. and Mrs. W. C. Ferguson, L. E. White, I. E. Tebow, H. W. Hull, Miss Viva Cloud, Lee Strong, Mrs. Fiora Quinn, William Everhart, W. A. Burris and Charles Hyslop.

The head ushers for the new church year will be L. E. White and Clyde Adcock.

OF COURSE, THIS WILL NEVER INTEREST MARYVILLE DANCERS

"Shimmy" and Other Wiggley Inventions Go Into Discard, Dancing Masters Agree.

According to E. A. Prinz, a St. Joseph dancing master recently returned from the Annual Convention of the American National Association of Masters of Dancing, the iniquitous shimmy and other "wiggle" dances have gone into discard. At least, the national association has so ruled.

The old waltz, the beloved dance of the past generations, will return to its own again this season. The work of the national convention this year did not spend as much time inventing new dances as it did cleaning up the old ones. The blame for the quivering movement of the body, as in the shimmy, is laid at the door of the exaggerated jazz music.

Mr. Printz introduced the "Spirit of Independence," a new dance, which was adopted by the association. This dance is a military step and made a hit at the convention, especially with dancing masters located in military centers.

Among recommendations to be delivered to the municipal authorities for incorporation into their dance laws will be:

1. Correct position—which rules against all strangle holds—indorses least possible contact, the hand about the lady's waist to be placed lightly and in a respectful manner. The lady is to merely rest her right hand in her partner's and not encircle his neck with her left hand (rest it on his arm or shoulder lightly). The faces must not be pressed together, cheek by jowl.

2. "Methods of dancing," which insists all the movements shall be from the waist down and not from the waist up. If this coat fits the shimmy shakers they can put it on and button it up.

3. "Music"—There shall be no extreme jazz. You can see where there will be great activity on the part of the lawmakers when the dance treaty is given to them to ratify.

COLLEGE TEACHING FORCE ASSEMBLES

VACATION NEAR END—SCHOOL TO OPEN SEPTEMBER 9

2 PLACES YET UNFILLED

Instructors in Physical Education for Women and in French and English Unsigned

Members of the administrative force at the State Teachers College are busy getting everything arranged for the opening of the fall term, Tuesday, September 9. President Richardson announces the following appointments to the staff:

Dr. Fred L. Keller of Jonesboro, Ark., has been apointed to the position of instructor in education. He will have charge of the subjects formerly taught by Dr. S. E. Davis, now president of the State Normal School, Dillon, Mont. Doctor Keller is a graduate of the University of Arkansas, of the School of Journalism of the University of Missouri, and holds his doctor's degree from New York University, New York City. He has had several years' experience in teaching and comes fresh from his graduate work. He and Mrs. Keller have not yet definitely decided on a location in Maryville.

New Teacher in Agriculture.

At the close of the summer session L. F. Metzler, instructor in agriculture, found it necessary to resign his position, being compelled to take up business interests of homself and his brother on account of the failure of his brother's health. G. F. Steinsmeyer of Effingham, Kans., has been appointed to this position. Mr. Steinsmeyer is a graduate of the University of Kansas and of the state agricultural college at Manhattan, Kans. For the past year he has been engaged in instructing in vocational agriculture under the Smith-Hughes bill in a county high school at Effingham. He and Mrs. Steinsmeyer arrived in Maryville Wednesday and will reside on North Walnut street.

E. W. Glenn and Mrs. Glenn of Atchison, Kans., came Tuesday and will reside at 315 North Mulberry street. Mr. Glenn is instructor in manual training.

Returns From Europe.

Prof. and Mrs. H. A. Foster arrived in Maryville Wednesday and will reside at 316 West First street. Professor Foster is instructor in European history and government and has been absent the last year in war work in France.

Robert C. Rice of St. Joseph, instructor in physical education for men and coach of athletic teams, arrived Wednesday morning and got on the job at once, lining things up for the fall athletic season. He will reside with Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Brink on College avenue.

Miss Tessie M. Degan, secretary to President Richardson, arrived Monday from Manitou, Colo., where she has been spending her vacation at Winn cottage.

Others to Arrive Soon.

Other members of the faculty will arrive within the next few days from their vacation period.

Two positions yet remain unfilled—the one, instructor in French and English; the other, instructor in physical education for women. Both positions had been filled previously, but the persons signed up obtained better positions and asked to be released.

Dr. J. F. Rogers, school physician and director of the department of public health, is expected to arrive Friday.

Mrs. A. R. Perrin returned Tuesday evening from a visit in St. Paul with her son, Lona.

President Richardson went to St. Joseph yesterday afternoon, where he spoke to the city teachers in their fall institute this morning. The topic of his address was "Some Professional Obligations." He will make a business trip to Kansas City before returning home.

Two Arrested for Stealing Oil.

John Keever and George Mathes, Atchison county young men, were arrested yesterday by Sheriff Dowden on a charge of petit larceny. They gave bond of $200 apiece for their apearance in Maryville at the September term of circuit court. The charge originated when an oil barrel and twenty gallons of oil disappeared this summer from the farm of R. I. Bilby near Quitman.

SERBS DETERMINED NOT TO SIGN THE AUSTRIAN TREATY

They Claim Clause Guaranteeing Minority Reports is Against Their Sovereignty

Paris, Sept. 4.—Serbia is determined not to sign the Austrian treaty, according to a report in circulation here today. Serbia's opposition is based upon the clause guaranteeing minority reports. The Serbs claim this is against Serbia's sovereign rights.

PRESIDENT'S TRAIN TO TOUCH COUNTY

SPECIAL IS ROUTED OVER CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN

MAY MAKE ONE STOP

Expected to Change Engines and Crews at Conception Junction Early Saturday Evening

If your are especially rabid opponent of the League of Nations and desire to make faces at the President's train as he tours the country, you want to be sure to be on the eastern side of Nodaway county Saturday evening, around supper time. The special train bearing the chief executive from Kansas City to Des Moines in his scheduled swing around the country will roar past the Nodaway County cornfields from about 5o'clock to about 6 o'clock over the Chicago Great Western tracks. Guilford, Conception Junction, Ravenwood and Parnell will see the special train.

At Conception Junction, according to the station agent, a stop must be made. Train crews and engines probably will be changed there. It is barely possible that the president may make a back platform speech.

The tour began last night, when the special train left Washington for Columbus, Ohio, where the first speech of the series was made today. Tomorrow the President will be in St. Louis. Saturday morning he will speak in Kansas City. He will pass through St. Joseph between 3 and 4 o'clock that afternoon.

Definite word to this effect was received in St. Joseph yesterday from Chicago with directions for handling the special train. Mayor Whitsell and the Commerce Club of St. Joseph were notified at once.

Telegrams from Mayor Whitsell and the Commerce Club were sent to Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to the president, asking that the president arrange to make a talk while in St. Joseph.

In the event President Wilson consents to stop over in St. Joseph, even for a brief address, it is certain that vast numbers of people from the countryside and towns in the St. Joseph district will come here to see and hear him, says the St. Joseph News-Press. St. Joseph and community has never been honored by the presence of President Wilson, and the great majority of the people here, of course, have never seen him.

It is believed by the advocates of the league of nations that when the president is given to understand that Senator Reed of Missouri and Senator Borah of Idaho appeared in St. Joseph in a double bill in opposition to a league of nations some months ago, the executive will be eager to make a talk there.

California Visitors Return Home.

Mrs. Fred Barr and daughters, Ona Marie and Ruby Vivian, who have been spending the summer months in Maryville with friends and relatives, returned Tuesday to their home in San Diego, Calif. Mrs. Barr was accompanied home by her niece, Miss Grace Dragoo, who has accepted a position as cashier with the Marston Dry Goods Company in San Diego. Miss Dragoo has been employed for the past two weeks with the J. E. Carpenter Kodak Co.

For Quick Sale.

We have a 160 acre Nodaway County farm, four miles from a good shipping station, good new eight room house, good new barn, corn crib and cattle shed, and other out buildings, well watered, all fenced and crossed fenced hog tight, price if sold soon, $145.00 per acre.

For further particulars and description.

See Nash & Woodard.

2 BIDS CONFLICT; MAY REJECT BOTH

CITY OFFICIALS STILL WORK ON WATER SITUATION

TO MEET AGAIN TONIGHT

Awards Are Made for Pumps, But Reservoir and Concrete Construction May be Delayed

The mayor and city commissioners will meet at 7 o'clock tonight in an adjourned meeting from yesterday afternoon to make a final decision on the letting of contracts for the reservoir and concrete work for the new city water plant.

Despite the fact that it would mean a delay, it is probable that the present bids will be rejected and new bids advertised for. As the proposition now stands, there are two bidders. Their bids are made on six separate pieces of work, and each of the companies outbids the other on three of the propositions.

The difference between the two is large, on one piece of work alone being $4,720. This is the building of the new reservoir. The Randall Construction Company of this city has the lowest bid in this particular. They also outbid the Joseph E. Nelson & Sons Construction Company of Chicago $517 on the proposition of rebuilding Reservoir Number 3, and $105 on furnishing material and constructing a concrete curb and basin on Reservoir Number 2.

Chicago Firm, Too, Has Low Bids.

On the other hand, the Chicago firm outbids the local firm an the concrete work. Their bid on the job of constructing curb and relining Reservoir Number 1, including the furnishing of material, is $256 cheaper; on the construction of a coagulating plant, including furnishing of material, they are $2,051 cheaper, and on the proposition of constructing the 360,000-gallon storage reservoir uptown for fire emergencies, their bid is $256 less than that of the local firm.

The mayor and commissioners have tried to get the two companies to take the jobs separately, but both companies have made their bids as a whole and demand that their bids on the six separate pieces of work be either accepted or rejected in that way. The Randall Construction Company has the lowest bid for the entire work, with a figure at $35,492. The competing bidder's total estimate of the cost is $38,301. The difference between the two is $2,909. Of this sum, $2,051 represents the local firm's difference on the cost of constructing a coagulating plant.

The mayor in an interview this morning said that he was at a loss to understand how the two companies happened to be so far apart on items involving excavation and concrete. Possibly the Chicago firm figures labor at a much higher figure than the local company, while the local company estimates the cost of getting rock for concrete work at a much larger sum than the foreign company.

Bids for Pumps Awarded.

In the awarding bids for pumps and their installation, J. F. Schaefer & Company of Kansas City and the Thermal Efficiency Company of Trenton, N. J., were successful. The other bidders were the Henion & Hubbel Company of Chicago, the Reeves & Skinner Machine Company of St. Louis, and the American Well Works, Aurora, Ill.

By their contract, J. F. Schaefer & Company of Kansas City agree to install the two pumps which are to be used in connection with the 360,000-gallon storage reservoir located uptown and especially constructed for emergency uses in fire and the like. These pumps are Allis-Chalmers pumps, with 600-gallon per minute capacity and driven by 50 horsepower motors. One of the pumps will be kept in reserve for special emergencies or to be used when the other one needs repairing. With two pumps like these any fire, no matter how large, could be put out in short order. The cost of the pumps is $2,468.

One Pump to Cost $721.

The Thermal Efficiency Company of Trenton, N. J., contracted to install two pumps at the water plant on the river. The low surface pump—that is the pump which lifts the water from the river to the reservoirs—will cost $721. It is driven by a 15 horsepower motor.

The high life pump—the pump which forces the water up town—has a capacity of 1,000 gallons per minute at the present pressure in the city mains. it is probable that the capacity will be reduced to 800 gallons per minute in order to increase the pressure and make for better fire protection. This latter pump will cost $2,075.

Both of the last named pumps are De Laval centrifugal pumps, the same kind of pumps that are being used by the water company at Chillicothe with so much success. The contracts call for a ten-day shipment on the low surface pump, a fifty-day shipment on the high lift pump and sixty-day shipments on the two fire pumps.

RAILROAD WORKER WILL OPPOSE BILL

CUMMINS PLAN CALLED "CLASS LEGISLATION" BY LEADER

ONE FEATURE DISPLEASES

Compulsory Arbitration is Particularly Unacceptable, Says Head of Locomotive Engineers

Cleveland, Sept. 4.—"The passage of such a bill would be class legislation aimed at railroad workers as a class". This was the declaration of Warren S. Stone, head of the brotherhood of locomotive engineers, regarding the Cummins railroad bill. He had in mind the provision for compulsory arbitration.

Timothy Shea, head of the enginemen and firemen, notified the brotherhood that a legislative representative in Washington from that organization would oppose the bill. He also announced that the demands of the enginemen and firemen for 45 per cent wage increase will be presented to the wage board of the railroad administration on September 24.

MEXICAN SOLDIERS WHO SHOT AVIATOR WILL BE PUNISHED

Their General Reports to Carranza —Rickman Says Plane Was On American Side

Laredo, Sept. 4.—The twenty-four Carranza soldiers who fired upon an American airplane severely wounding Captain David McNabb, will be punished by the Mexican authorities, it was announced today by General Garza, commander at Neuvo-Laredo. Garza has made a complete report to President Carranza. Mexican officials continued to insist that the airplane was on the Mexican side of the border, which "constituted a violation of Mexico's sovereignty." McNabb is doing nicely..

Washington, Sept. 4.—The American airplane fired upon by the Mexicans was at no time over the Mexican territory, according to a report received by the war department today from Major General Dickman.

COMETS TO PLAY ST. JOSEPH OUTFIT HERE NEXT SUNDAY

Stuppy Florals the Next Team to Visit Here—Plans Forming for a Tournament

The Maryville Comets will contest with the Stuppy Florals of St. Joseph at the local ball grounds next Sunday. The floral aggregation comes with the intention of putting a crimp in the Maryville nine's record. On the other hand, the home boys wish to raise their already high winning average.

Manager Black is now making arrangements for a one-day baseball tournament to be held either Sunday, September 14, or the following Sunday. The members of the team will begin to seek buyers for three hundred tickets at $1 apiece. This is the goal that has been set, and it is now up to the Maryville fans to stand behind the boys.

Four teams will meet in the tournament, and three games will be played. The competing teams will be Shenandoah, Stanberry, St. Joseph Stockyards and Maryville. This promises to be a treat for all local lovers of the national game.

PRESIDENT TELLS HIS STORY TO U. S.

CALLS SPEECH AT COLUMBUS A REPORT TO THE PEOPLE

HALL FILLED BY CROWD

Purpose of Treaty Is to End All Wars, He Declares, as Well as to Punish Germans

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 4.—Declaring that he never had entertained the slightest doubt that the treaty of Versailles would be ratified, President Wilson today opened his tour here to bring public pressure to bear on the Senate for early action on the treaty. He made an elaborate defense of the document. He declared it would end future wars and dwelt at length upon the principles of the League of Nations.

For the first time the President made what might be construed as a reference to the cause of Ireland. He declared that he and some of his associates had wished they could have taken up the causes of other nations, but he insisted that it was necessary for the conference to confine its labors entirely to the topics growing out of the war with Germany.

The high lights of the president's speech were:

"This treaty is intended to end not only this single war, but all wars."

"When you are told that the League of Nations is for any purpose but to prevent wars, tell them that it is not so."

"This treaty builds up nations that never could have gained their freedom in any other way."

"I had rather have everybody on my side than be armed to the teeth."

"Wars come from the seed of wrongs, not of right."

"The treaty is designated to right the wrongs of Europe. It is of measureable success."

"Nations consist of their peoples, not of their governments."

"If I could not have brought back the kind of treaty I did bring back, I would not have come back."

"Do not let men put this treaty down. The world is waiting on America's treaty. The treaty will be accepted. I have never doubted the fact."

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 4.—To the strains of "Dixie" led by good-looking young women, President Wilson entered the Memorial Hall at 11:25 o'clock this morning. The president painly appreciated the compilment, bowed smilingly to the big crowd which filled every inch of the structure. Because of the street car strike the crowd that greeted the president in the business center of Columbus was much smaller than anticipated, and a slight rain was falling. However, the reception pleased the president, and he was all smiles. The cheering, which lasted a trifle more than a minute, greeted President and Mrs. Wilson as they took seats on the platform. Former Governor Campbell characterized President Wilson as "the first citizen of the big round world" and the president was again warmly applauded.

"I have long chafed at the confinement in Washington," the president began, "and I wanted to report to you and other citizens of the United States. After the various angles of the treaty that been held up to you, I think you want to know what is in the treaty. It is unique. It seeks to punish a nation that attempted to peretrate one of the greatest wrongs in history, and the men in Paris wanted to do justice. They wanted to punish Germany for her utter disregard for human rights and for wrongs to children.

"Everything in the treaty is designed not to humiliate Germany but

(Continued on page 4)

WEATHER FOR TODAY

Partly cloudy tonight and Friday; not much change in temperature.

Feature Tonight EMPIRE THEATRE 11c and 17c

Enid Bennett, In

When Do We Eat

Also Lloyd Comedy

The Democrat-Forum

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY

Entered as second class matter June 1910, at the postoffice at Maryville Mo., under the act of March 3, 1879.

PUBLISHED BY
Maryville Publishing Co.
(INCORPORATED)

JAMES TODD, Editor
W. C. VAN CLEVE
WALTER S. TODD, Superintendent

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Delivered in Maryville by carrier 25c per week. Sent by mail anywhere in the United States for $3.00 per year.

Largest Circulation in Nodaway County

In requesting the change of address of your paper, be sure to give old address as well as the new.

Change of Address

Democrat-Forum Subscription Rates.

Daily in County outside of Maryville, per year	$2.50
Daily outside of county	$3.00
Daily at postoffice, per year	$3.00
Daily at Democrat-Forum office, year	$3.00
Daily by carrier, per week	10c

MEMBER MISSOURI PRESS ASSOCIATION

For Representative in Congress.

I hereby announce myself a Democratic candidate for Representative in Congress, Fourth Congressional District, Missouri, subject to primary election, first Tuesday in August, 1920. ROBERT I. YOUNG.

A15tf

OFFERS SOLDIERS PREFERRED ENTRY

RESOLUTION WOULD GIVE THEM FIRST CHOICE ON LAND

DEMOCRAT SPONSORS IT

Sailors and Marines Also Included in Favor Proposed by Scott Ferris of Oklahoma

Washington, Sept. 3. — Preferred entry under the homestead law on the opening of restoration of public land to entry would be extended discharged soldiers, sailors and marines under a resolution favorably reported by the House Public Lands Committee.

The resolution was introduced by Representative Scott Ferris of Oklahoma, ranking Democratic member of the Public Lands Committee, with the strong endorsement of Secretary of the Interior Franklin D. Lane.

The resolution provides that "hereafter, for the period of two years following the passage of this act, on the opening of public or Indian lands to entry, or the restoration to entry of public lands theretofore withdrawn from entry, such opening or restoration shall, in the order thereof, provide for a period of not less than sixty days before the general opening of such lands to disposal of which officers, soldiers, sailors or marines who have served not less than ninety days in the army or navy of the United States in the war with Germany shall have a preferred right of entry under the homestead law, if duly qualified thereunder, except as against prior existing valid settlement rights."

Resolution One of Several.

The resolution is one of several pieces of legislation for the benefit of soldiers being urged upon the Republican majority in congress by officials of the administration and by Democratic members of congress.

The original draft of the resolution was prepared in the department of the interior, and reasons for its passage were set forth by Secretary Lane in a letter to Representative Ferris, in which he said:

"It is believed that some tangible and beneficial legislation for discharged soldiers, returning from the recent war with Germany, should be provided in our subsequent disposition of public lands so far as compatible with the substantial development of our present unused public domain.

Would Accomplish Purpose.

"The present resolution, in my judgment, is well calculated to accomplish the purpose above expressed, simply according a preferred right of entry for a period of sixty days for the nert two years to the discharged soldier or sailor when any of our public lands are opened or restored to entry by general order. * * * The area of such lands will doubtless fall short of satisfying the demand for homes that will ultimately be made by the returning soldier, for which reason he should be given, so far as we can, the first opportunity to make a selection therefrom.

"From time to time during the next year or two, as in the past, there will doubtless be some restoration to entry of lands formerly in foresis, or withheld for irrigation or newly surveyed lands with respect to which the soldier could be given special consideration under this joint resolution, to which may be added posisble openings of indian lands as well as lands that may be classified as agricultural, embraced within the old Oregon and California land grant and the Coos Bay Wagon Road grant, now revested in the United States.

Effective Immediately.

"As a working proposition, this joint resolution presents no administrative difficulties, and if enacted will become immediately effective, a feature which should not be overlooked in its present consideration. Again, favorable action upon this proposition cannot operate to seriously retard the development of our public lands, a matter not to be disregarded, for were it otherwise I moght hesitate to recommend its approval.

"The proposed measure therefore meets my approval as presenting a substantial provision in the interest of the returning soldier."

The resolution is no way conflicts with the provisions o fthe Lane soldier homestead bill, passed by the House in the last congress, but killed because of the Republican filibuster in the Senate, and which has been reintroduced in the House and is now called the Mondell bill. It rather supplements that measure, and gives priority right for sixty days during the next two years to soldiers who wish to take up public land, but who may not care to enter into a colonization scheme such as is provide dfor in the Mondell bill.

POLITICS IS GAME OF G.O.P. LEADERS

THEY EVEN PUT IT INTO RECEPTION FOR PERSHING

"DEMOCRATS, KEEP OUT!"

Resolution for Joint Session of Congress to Honor General Had to be Fathered by a Republican

Washington, Sept. 4. — Republican leaders in congress are daily giving demonstrations of their utter inability to refrain from trying to play the game of politics. No matter what issue arises, whether great or small, whether it involves a question of patriotism, of public policy or business, no matter what it involves, they manage to inject politics into it somewhere.

One of the latest instances is in the plan for congress to do honor to General John J. Pershing upon his return to America some time in September. They are trying to make it a Republican affair, and if Democrats in the House, with whom the idea for a joint session of the two Houses of Congress in honor of General Pershing originated, hadn't been big enough and patriotic enough to allow the Republicans to be the "whole show" it is really doubtful if they would ever have been able to get through a resolution providing for the joint session which is now assured.

Republican Should Do It.

The Republican speaker of the House, Mr. Gillett, very frankly told the original author of the resolution, who happened to be a Democrat, Mr. Caldwell of New York, that he thought the resolution calling the joint session ought to be introduced by a Republican, and unless Mr. Caldwell, who urged that it was not a political matter, and that politics should not be injected into it, had consented to the withdrawal of his name from the resolution and the substitution of a Republican name therefore, the chances are the resolution would yet be where it had remained for weeks, "buried" with the rules committee, of which Representative Campbell, Republican of Kansas, is chairman. Fortunately, however, because Mr. Caldwell is an American before he is a Democrat, and is more a patriot than a party man, and because he consented to have a Republican "father" his resolution, the rules committee has reported out a special rule for the immediate consideration of the Pershing resolution, and the plans for doing honor to the commander of the American Expeditionary Forces won't be further delayed.

Democrat Started the Idea.

The idea of a joint session of congress to pay honor to the American commander-in-chief originated with Representative Caldwell many weeks ago, early in July. About July 12 he prepared and placed in Speaker Gillett's basket a concurrent resolution providing for the joint session. The next day Mr. Caldwell approached Speaker Gillett while the latter was in the chair, told him he had introduced the resolution and asked if it had been called to his, the speaker's, attention. Mr. Gillett replied that it had. Thereupon Mr. Caldwell asked if he might be recognized by the speaker to bring it before the House. Speaker Gillet replied:

"Caldwell, when you fellows (the Democrats) were in power, the Republicans never had anything of that kind."

Without stopping to remind Gillett that during the eight years Champ Clark was speaker no charge of narrow partisanship was ever lodged against him, Mr. Caldwell hastened to assure the speaker that it was not a question of politics, and told him that he, Caldwell, was perfectly willing that anyone the speaker or his fellow Republicans might name should introduce the resolution, and expressed his willingness to turn it over to any Republican member of the House the speaker might suggest.

To Go to Steering Committee.

Speaker Gillett then very frankly told Mr. Caldwell he thought it would be better for a Republican to introduce the resolution, though he failed to say why, and that in the meantime he thought it would be a good plan to refer the resolution to the steering committee, which is made up entirely of Republicans.

"Very well," said Mr. Caldwell. "When can you do that?"

The speaker replied that he could it the following day. On the next day Mr. Caldwell met the speaker in the House lobby and asked if he had "taken that matter up with the steering committee."

"What matter is that?" the speaker asked.

When Mr. Caldwell told him, Mr. Gillett replied that he had forgotten it, expressed his gratification that Mr. Caldwell had reminded him of it and promised to do so the next day, when he was to meet again with the steering committee, and when he surely "wouldn't forget again."

Would Let Anybody Do It.

Mr. Caldwell replied that that was satisfactory and asked the speaker to make it clear to the steering committee that although he was the author of the resolution he was perfectly willing to have anyone they might designate bring it up, just so the matter got consideration.

On the next day Speaker Gillett advised Mr. Caldwell that the steering committee had decided the matter ought to go to the rules committee, and it had been so referred. Mr. Caldwell then asked to be heard by that committee, and was allowed three minutes. But it was enough for him to explain the motive that actuated the introduction of the resolution, and his entire willingness to let anybody father the resolution the Republicans might name; that it was not and should not be a party matter, and that he would turn over the resolution to any Republican they might designate.

The resolution slumbered for more than a month. The other day Mr. Caldwell sought out Chairman Campbell of the rules committee and insisted upon something being done about it.

Kahn Fathers Resolution.

Mr. Campbell, whose mind seemed to be working in the same party channel as Speaker Gillett's, said he, too, thought the resolution ought to be introduced by a Republican and a member of the House Military Affairs Committee. Mr. Caldwell is a member of that committee, but happens to be a Democrat, so was objectionable. Therefore, when he asked Mr. Campbell to whom he should turn over the resolution, the latter designated Representative Kahn, the Republican chairman, and immediately Mr. Caldwell went to his office, got a copy of the resolution, struck out his name as the author, substituted that of Mr. Kahn and mailed it to the latter.

Within a very few days, since a Democrat was no longer identified with the matter, the rules committee reported out a special rule and the resolution is to have immediate consideration and plans to do honor to General Pershing may go ahead.

Stylish Girls Insulted, Police Say.

Canton, Ohio, Sept. 4.—Because a girl dresses stylishly, it is no reason she should be insulted. Chief of police Riblet has declared war on mashers. "There are many pretty girls in Canton who dress stylishly," says the Chief, "and I am going to see that they are protected from insult."

Mrs. Charles Rose of Maryville accompanied her daughter, Miss Nettie Rose, who has gone to Harmon, Okla., to teach in the schools there the coming year at a salary of $75 a month. Mrs. Rose wil visit her father, M. H. Beltz and other relatives in Harmon for a short time.

GLYCERINE MIXTURE FOR GAS ON STOMACH

Simple glycerine, buckthorn bark, etc., as mixed in Adler-i-ka relieves ANY CASE gas on stomach or sour stomach. It acts on both upper and lower bowel and removes all foul matter which poisoned stomach. Often CURES constipation. Prevents appendicitis. The INSTANT pleasant action of Adler-i-ka surprises both doctors and patients. One man who suffered five years from indigestion and constipation was helped by ONE dose.

Koch Pharmacy, Maryville, Mo. Adv.

This Is Band Concert Night.

Just as a reminder. In case you have forgotten, tonight is band concert night. Beginning at 8:30 o'clock, the Maryville band, under the direction of Alfred P. Gsell, will give a selected program of popular music in the courthouse yard.

Buys Jackson Township Farm.

H. W. Berggman of Polo, Caldwell county, Mo., yesterday afternoon purchased the Charles H. Wilson farm in Jackson township at $175 an acre. The deal was made through Allen brothers of Maryville. Mr. Berggman will get possession October 1.

MAN'S BEST AGE

A man is as old as his organs; he can be as vigorous and healthy at 70 as at 35 if he aids his organs in performing their functions. Keep your vital organs healthy with

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles since 1696; corrects disorders; stimulates vital organs. All druggists, three sizes.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

RED PEP'S PHILOSOPHY

"Uncle Jerry came to town last week with a dirty shirt and a $5.00 bill and never changed either one."

And when your long comings are advertised you get the solicitation of each and every citizen in your community.

WE ADVERTISE OUR COMINGS

Today Its

Fresh catfish, per lb	35c
Bacon squares, per lb	35c
Morrel's Iowa pride Bacon per lb	50c

For Friday.

Pork tenderloin, per lb	60c
Sweet breads, per lb	50c
Brains, per lb	15c

CHARLES BUHLER
Home of Red Pep,
Maryville, Mo.

BUD BRIGHT'S BRAINSTORMS

Dress may not often make the woman, but she often makes the dress.

And she would be given credit for it.

START RIGHT
STAY RIGHT
END RIGHT

It takes our shoes a long time to wear out their welcome. They are made to be comfortable from the time they are put on. They are made to stand up and keep their shape, and not say good bye until you are ready fo rthem to depart.

Ease, style and service in our footwear.

Modern Shoe Repairing
Shoe Shining Parlor

Bee Hive Shoe Store
The Home of Good Shoes
Maryville, Missouri.

"Cake and Beer, and Washing Here"

Before a ramshackls house in a little England Village there used to hang this sign:

"Hiram, the widow's son, I hope,
"Can furnish customers with soap,
"Such as will make the washing day
"Pass off as pleasant, e'en as May.
"Cakes, and beer, and washing here."

Hiram had the right idea. He knew that there were people who wanted what he had to sell. The difference between Hiram and the modern advertiser is that the former had to trust to somebody passing to see his sign. He could not bring his sign to everybody.

The modern advertiser with something to sell that he feels you want, saves you the trouble of going to his place to see about it. Readers of advertisements visit all the advertisers at a single sitting.

This is a service that those who advertise are rendering you, just as the clerks they hire, the deliveries they make, are service. They are saving your time, energy and money by bringing their establishments to you through the advertisements.

Read the advertisements with this thought in mind.

The Democrat-Forum's circulation is 3500 and this is an A. B. C. circulation.

I'm After the Storekeepers!

Mostly my business is with the farmers. But this week I'm after every *storekeeper* in this county. I want one dollar from every one of them—for a year's subscription for

The COUNTRY GENTLEMAN

Why? Because in the very first issue that you'll get, if you hustle your dollar right over to me, there is the beginning of a series of articles called Big Country Merchants.

There will be ten of these articles, telling how ten men in ten towns succeeded in making themselves known as the biggest country merchants. There's no secret of their success that isn't open to every storekeeper in this country. Don't you want to get into their class? Don't you want increased farmers' business?

Of course, this article is only part of all the help in the September 13th issue—there are a lot of other articles and stories about farmers and farming for storekeepers and for farmers and farm women, for gardeners and orchardists and poultrymen. And yet 52 big vital issues cost only one dollar, about two cents apiece! Why "hold out"?

Order — Through Me — Today

MARION F. SMITH

Cor. 12th & Buchanan Sts. Farmers 244, Maryville, Mo.

The Country Gentleman 52 issues—$1.00 | The Ladies' Home Journal 12 issues—$1.75 | The Saturday Evening Post 52 issues—$2.00

Hard Luck for the Cider!

Cambridge, O., Sept. 3.—Not only is Ohio dry, but the Buckeye state's weather seems "dry." At any rate, a severe crimp was put into sources of "wetness" in this county when a late frost hit the cider apple crop hard. Guernsey county devotees of Bacchus who failed to lay in one of the "best s(c)eile(a)rs" in their homes before the state became—legally, at least—arid, contemplated bottling up plenty of the juice which, with age, displays a "kick." Cider may sell at 60 cents a gallon, it is hinted.

Ended Them With a Razor.

Dayton, O., Sept. 3.—"You'll need an undertaker when I get through." This, police say, was the reply of Mrs. Della Connerston, 30, to her husband, Frank, when he pleaded for a doctor after she had shot him five times. The wife then secured a razor, according to the police, and almost severed Connerston's head from his body.

A Family of Eight and An Electric Range

Among the electric stove users of Maryville there is a family of eight who use the stove for cooking purposes the year 'round.

This user's bills for electricity average $6 per month which is less than $1 per person per month—or actually 10c per week for cooking each person's food.

A smaller family would have less cooking, and consequently smaller bills, but, of course, they will average more per person, because it is often possible to cook a meal for eight with the same fire that would be used for three.

The average family's electric bill for cooking, as we have previously shown, is about $1 per week. We believe this is as economical for fuel as any method of cooking, but added to that is all of the saving of food and labor and all of the advantages of electric cooking.

Tending the furnace is enough work for the "fireman" of the family—why not cook with electricity?

Maryville Electric Light & Power Company

Empire Theatre Bldg.

Here Are Some Facts and Figures About Part of U. S. in World War

The following summary of the efforts of the United States in the world war has been prepared by the United States recruiting service.

The number of men serving in the armed forces of the nation during the war was 4,800,000, of whom 4,000,000 served in the army.

It took three years for the English armies in France to reach a strength of 2,000,000, but the American armies did it in one-half that time.

Out of every 100 men who served, ten were National Guardsmen, thirteen were regulars and seventy-seven were in the National Army.

In the physical examinations the states of the Middle West made the best showing. Country boys did better than city boys, whites better than blacks and native born better than foreign born.

In this war the United States raised twice as man men as in the Civil war, and at one-twentieth of the cost for recruiting.

There were 200,000 army officers. Of every six officers one had previous military training with troops, three were graduates of officers' training camps and two came directly from civil life.

Our participation in the war lasted nineteen months. Half a million men were sent overseas in the first thirteen months, and a million and a half in the last six months.

Half of the troops landed in France and half of them in England.

The highest troop-carrying records are those of July, 1918, when 306,000 soldiers were carried to Europe, and May, 1919, when 330,000 were brought home to America.

The greatest troop carrier among the ships was the Leviathan, which landed 12,000 men, or the equivalent of a German division, in France every month.

One-fourth of all the troops who went overseas were assigned to the services of supply.

The average American soldier in France wore out a slicker and overcoat every five months; a blanket, a coat flannel shirt and breeches every two months; a coat every 79 days; a pair of shoes and puttees every 51 days; a pair of drawers and an undershirt every 34 days; and a pair of woolen socks every 23 days.

In 1912 the American army allotted four machine guns for each infantry regiment. In 1919 the allotment is 336 machine guns per regiment.

American plants produced a greater number of complete units of artillery than all those purchased from the French and British during the war.

In the first twenty months after the declaration of war by each nation, the United States excelled the British record in the production of heavy artillery and light and heavy ammunition.

American armies had in France 3,500 pieces of artillery, of which nearly 500 were made in America. They used on the firing line 2,250 pieces, of which 130 were made in America.

American aviators used 2,698 planes at the battle front, of which 667 were of American manufacture. American aviators brought down 755 enemy planes in action and lost 357.

Two out of every three of the American soldiers who reached France took part in battle.

American divisions were in battle for 200 days and engaged in thirteen major operations.

During the last four months of the war American divisions held a larger front than that held by the British armies.

In October the American divisions held 101 miles of front line, or 23 per cent of the entire western front.

The most intense concentration of artillery fire ever recorded was that of the American troops in the battle of St. Mihiel, when our artillery fired more than 1,000,000 shells in four hours.

The Meuse-Argonne battle lasted for 47 days, during which 1,200,000 American troops were engaged.

The total battle deaths of all nations in this war were greater than all the deaths in all the wars of the previous 100 years.

Our expenditures in this war were sufficient to have carried on the Revolutionary war continuously for more than 100 years at the rate of expenditure which that war actually involved.

The total war cost of all nations was about $186,000,000,000, of which the allies spent two-thirds and the enemy one-third.

Estimated total war expenditures of principal nations to April 30, 1919:

(All figures in billions of dollars and excluding normal expenses and loans to allies).

Germany	39
British Empire	38
France	26
United States	22
Austria-Hungary	21
Russia	18
Italy	13
Belgium, Rumania, Portugal Jugo-Slavia	5
Turkey and Bulgaria	3
Japan and Greece	1
Total expenditures	186

American data for the Meuse-Argonne battle:

Days of battle	47
American troops engaged	1,200,000
Guns employed in attack	2,417
Rounds of artillery ammunition fired	4,214,000
Airplanes used	840
Tons of explosives dropped by planes on enemy lines	180
Tanks used	324
Miles of penetration of enemy line, maximum	34
Square kilometers of teritory taken	1,550
Villages and town liberated	150
Prisoners captured	16,059
Machine guns captured	2,864
Artillery pieces captured	468
Trench mortars captured	177
American casualties	120,000

Battle deaths in armies engaged in present war 1914-1918:

Russia	1,700,000
Germany	1,600,000
France	1,385,300
Great Britain	900,000
Austria	800,000
Italy	330,000
Turkey	250,000
Serbia and Montenegro	125,000
Belgium	102,000
Rumania	100,000
Bulgaria	100,000
United States	48,000
Greece	7,000
Portugal	2,000
Total	7,456,200

Figures of American participation in the war:

Total armed forces, including army, navy, marine corps etc.	4,800,000
Total men in the army	4,000,000
Men who went overseas	2,966,000
Men who fought in France	1,390,000
Greatest number sent in one month	306,000
Greatest number returning in one month	333,000

MANY LIKE THIS IN MARYVILLE

Similar Cases Being Published in Each Issue.

The following case is but one many occuring daily in Maryville. It is an easy matter to verify it. You cannot ask for better proof.

J. N. Bryan, retired farmer, 222 Eleventh St., Maryville says: "At one time I was having trouble with my back and kidneys. I had an intepse soreness through the small of my back, which pained when I tried to bend over or straighten up quickly. My kidneys acted too frequently, and this made me weak. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and bought some from Gaugh & Evans' Drug Store. From the first, had relief and as I continued using them, I was benefited in every way. It has been quite a while now since I have needed to use Doan's, so I know the benefit is lasting."

60c, at all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y. ADV.

Discovers Primeval Hermit.

Princeton, W. Va., Sept. 3.—A hermit who lives in the fashion of primeval man has been discovered in the wild mountainous country in the southern part of West Virginia. He has dug a snug home in the side of the mountain and has many comforts. He subsists mostly on game and his clothes are made of skins. There is much mystery about his identity.

Shoes Mean Nothing There.

Cleveland, Sept. 3.—Shoes will soon be as high as the proverbial cow that jumped over the moon. But it will mean nothing in the lives of the members of the Cleveland Physical Culture Society. They have established a camp site along the lake shore, and bare feet is one of the entrance requirements. Ability to enjoy life on a diet of nuts, vegetables and fruit is another.

CAR WYOMING COAL JUST ARRIVED. WM. EVERHART. 4-6

Hours by Appointment
Osteopathic Physician
DR. JESSIE G. CLARK
Office over Montgomery Shoe Co., in room formerly occupied by Holmes & Wolfert. Phones Office 683; House 4364.

WATCH YOUR EYESIGHT.

Eyes Examined Free.
Our expert graduate Optometrist will diagnose your eye troubles and tell you what you need. The service is free at
KUCHS BROTHERS
222 North Main St.

DID YOU EVER SEE A SHOE FIT LIKE THAT?

"Glove Grip" Shoes

really Grip the Arch, without the pain of a pinch. Perfect foot comfort, long service, and pleasing style in every pair.

Let us show you, and you will be convinced.

We have this shoe in Brown Kid, Straight Last, AA to D widths —$12.00 Mister, with 20c war tax.

Montgomery Shoe Co.

Taft Won't Ride in a Plane.

Pana, Ill., Sept. 3.—Former President William Howard Taft admits he was not built for aeroplanes. When asked to take a ride while lecturing at a chautauqua here, he said: "No, I was not built for an aeroplane." A few minutes before Mr. Taft had said "yes" to an invitation to ride, "but," using his own expression, "I thought you said we were to go for a spin in an automobile."

Prize Fish Yarn of 1919.

Topeka, Kan., Sept. 3.—The champion "fish tale" for1919 was brought to this city by Mr. and Mrs. Paul Lovell, who returned with their family from Lake Koronis, Minn., where they spent two months. The family, consisting of the parents, two sons and a daughter, caught a total of 168 pike and bass, in addition to pickerels which they did not count. They showed a snapshot with a catch of forty fish averaging two pounds each.

Fresh Ripe Tomatoes

for canning, selected $1.50 per bushel. Just as they run $1.00 per bushel.

The Engelmann Greenhouses
Phones 17 1001 S. Main st.

Husband I. W. W., She Seeks Divorce

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 3.—Because her husband is an I. W. W. Mrs. Hulda Malstrom seeks a divorce here today. She alleges that Malstrom is so busy attending I. W. W. meetings that he has no time in which to work and therefose does not support her; that he appropriated money and forced her to borrow such an amount so he could repay it and that she became seriously ill through lack of food.

Mirrors Protect Cleveland Bank.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 3.—"Armed pill boxes" used in Chicago for the protection of bank have nothing on a unique protective device recently installed by a local banking institution. A system of mirrors has been built in the floor around the outside of the vault so as to expose the entire foundation underneath and prevent possibility of tunneling.

Rival Bar Causes Rush.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 3.—There was great excitement among members of the bar when one of the attorneys announced to his legal friends at the county court house that a rival bar was operating downstairs.

There was a rush from the bar of justice to the new bar, but there was nothing on tap but "near beer." Nevertheless the new thirst emporium is doing a rush business.

PLENTY OF GOOD MANUFACTURED ICE. WM. EVERHART.

NR
TONIGHT—
Tomorrow Alright
NR Tablets stop sick headaches, relieve bilious attacks, tone and regulate the eliminative organs, make you feel fine.
"Better Than Pills For Liver Ills"

Get a 25c. Box. Your Druggist
GAUGH & EVANS
South Side Druggists

Confidence is the basis of all successful business relations between a depositor and his bank.

The names of the officers and directors of this bank commend it to your confidence. They are substantial local business men, interested in the welfare of their patrons.

The financial strength of this institution as shown by its ever-increasing deposits, is conclusive evidence of its ability to faithfully serve you in any capacity undertaken by it.

Four per cent interest on Savings Accounts.

Farmers Trust Company

Maryville's Bank of Personal Service.

GEO. L. WILFLEY, Pres. — S. H. KEMP, Cash. & Sec'y.
W. C. PIERCE, Vice-Pres. — A. K. FRANK, Ass't. Sec'y.
C. D. BELLOWS, Vice-Pres. — H. D. SNYDER, Ass't. Sec'y.
GEO. R. ELLISON, Vice-Pres. & Counsel. — W. N. DEATHERAGE, Attorney.

QUITMAN CITIZENS TO HOLD HOMECOMING AND BARBECUE

Mass Meeting Plans for Celebration There September 24, 25 and 26 —Will Have Two Beeves

A mass meeting of the citizens of Quitman, held in the hotel there last night, decided to hold a homecoming celebration and barbecue there September 24, 25 and 26. The barbecue will be held on the third day. Two big beeves will be served. Several high class attractions will be engaged to entertain the visitors. W. H. Branson is chairman of the committee in charge.

ADVISES LEAGUE OF NATIONS TO TAKE CONTROL OF FIUME

Admiral Andrews of U. S. Navy, Who Hase Been Studying Adriatic Affairs, Offers This Solution

London, Sept. 4.—The taking over of Fiume by the League of Nations for an indefinite term of years is proposed as the only logical solution of this problem in a cablegram sent to Admiral Sims, former commander of the American naval forces in European waters, by Admiral Andrews of the United States navy, according to advices from Paris today. Andrews has been making a study of the Adriatic trouble.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF COUNTY FARM BUREAU MEETS

and Take up Matters of Interest to Farmers

The executive committee of the Nodaway County Farm Bureau met at the court house this afternoon to perfect plans for their organization and to consider matters of vital interest to farmers. This bureau first met about a year ago, at which time preliminary organization was formed.

The executive committee is composed of the following members: John R. Evans, president; W. W. Alexander, vice president; Roy Lippman, secretary and treasurer; E. F. Bishop, J. W. Barber, Thomas Logan, J. C. Robinson, C. H. Caldwell and W. H. Goforth.

The meeting was still in session at press time this afternoon.

R. K. Townsends Here.

Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Townsend arrived last night from Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, and will guests for a week or ten days of their son and wife, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Townsend. They will go from here to Chicago and the adjacent summer resorts and enroute home will again visit here.

New Tractor and Road Grader.

The new tractor and road grader for Green township has been received in Quitman and was used for the first time today on the bottom road west of the depot.

Wells Farm Sold.

The 160-acre farm of Henry Wells, 8 miles southwest of Maryville, has been sold to Claude Moore. The consideration was $250 per acre.

Miss Raines Leaves.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Raines and the former's sister, Miss Edith Raines of Minneapolis, Minn., who has been visiting here for a few days, motored to Tarkio last evening. Miss Raines will visit there until Saturday when she will leave for Minneapolis to resume teaching in the public schools. Miss Raines is enroute home from a vacation visit in Colorado.

Church Teams to Play Tonight.

For the fourth time, the Presbyterian baseball tossers will stack up against the Christian followers of the sport at the fair grounds at 7 o'clock tonight. The last game ended with a 4 to 3 score in favor of the Christians, but the defeated nine is planning on a comeback tonight.

Mrs. Don Groves of Skidmore was taken to St. Joseph last evening and this morning underwent an operation for appendicitis at Ensworth hospital She is doing nicely.

Dr. and Mrs. C. A. Torrance who have been visiting for several weeks at the home of the former's mother, Mrs. Hosea Torrance, left this morning in their car for Hugo, Colo.

Miss Bertha Anderson returned last evening from Des Moines, Ia., after spending the week with relatives and attending the fair.

Mr. and Mrs. Dave Angell motored to Bedford, Ia., Tuesday where they spent the day.

Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Wheeler of Omaha, Neb., who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Wells and family, left last night for their home.

Do you know the power of Democrat-Forum Want Ads?

NO RESERVED SEATS PLANNED AT FIRST SPEECH IN MISSOURI

St. Louis, Sept. 4.—Preparations to flash President Wilson's speech at the Coliseum tomorrow night over the United States as fast as it is delivered have been made under the direction of W. B. Weisenburger, publicity secretary of the Chamber of Commerce. Six additional telegraph wires have been strung into the building and additional telephone wires also have been installed.

J. Parker Bailey is chairman of the committee in charge of the ushers. Requests for reserved seats are coming to the Chamber of Commerce from all over Missouri and Illinois. All requests are being denied because no seats will be reserved.

It has been definitely decided that Governor Gardner will introduce the president at the Coliseum meeting. James E. Smith, as chairman of the arrangement committee, lil introduce the governor. It is likely that Mayor Kiel will introduce the president at the Chamber of Commerce luncheon.

RemuS
Mercantile Co.

Our grocery list for Friday and Saturday this week shows some real money saving prices

2 pkgs Grape Nuts 25c
6lb solid head crisp cabbage 25
2½ lb fancy quality sweet potatoes 25c
Large pkgs Post Toasties 18c
Large pkg Frontier White Rolled Oats 25c
2 pkgs Quaker corn puffs 25c
15 oz pkgs Sun Maid seeded raisin 20c
Junket Tablets, each 10c
Dernells Potato chips 2 pkgs. 25c
Campbells soups, all flavors 10
No. 3 can Acropolis Hominy each 18c
2 cans new stock 1492 Early June Peas 25c
Glass Jar French's prepared Cream Mustard 13c
Pint jar strained honey .. 35c
3 cakes Royal Medicated cuticle toilet soap 25c
Kraft Elkhorn cheese in tins 18c
Hipolite marshmallow creme jar 30c
Dromedary Golden dates 25c
Fancy cooking apples peck 25c
Full count Boxes, headlight match 5c
Pound can Calumet Baking Powder 25c
Full size pkgs Rub-no-more 5c
Can again supply
Caryized stock tonic salt in 50 pound blocks or bricks

"Till We Meet Again"

yes it is a mighty popular piece of music. Till we

MEAT

again will be as popular if the meat comes from Stapler's for

WE KEEP THE QUALITY UP

STAPLER'S

210 North Main

PRESIDENT TELLS HIS STORY TO U. S.

(Continued from page 1)

to right wrongs she has done. No indemnity is claimed in the treaty, only reparation. This treaty is not only intended to end this single war but to serve notice on any nation that attempts such aggression in the future that the nations of the world are united to punish such attempts."

MARKET REPORTS

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

Kansas City, Sept. 4. — Cattle receipts 6,000; steers $10 to $17.50; cows $8 to $12. Hog receipts 4,000; top $19.25; bulk $18 to $19.25.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—Cattle receipts 10,000; hogs 18,000; sheep 42,000.

St. Joseph, Sept. 4.—Cattle receipts 1,800; market steady. Hogs 3,500; top $19.60; 10c to 25c lower. Sheep 1,000; 10c to 25c lower.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Eggs, per doz. 34c
Springs, per lb. 24c
Butter fat, per lb. 55c
Hides, per lb. 23c
Hens, per lb. 24c
Ducks, per lb 15c
Geese, per pound 12c
Old roosters, per pound 12c

PLENTY OF GOOD MANUFACTURED ICE. WM. EVERHART.

HOW LANGUAGE IS ENRICHED

New Words and Phrases Most Frequently Have Their Origin in the Patter of Thieves.

It is necessary that the language of a nation should be refreshed and strengthened now and then by the introduction of new words and phrases, and, as befits democracy, these spring from the soil; not one of them descends upon us from the Olympian heights, observes the New York Herald. Neither scientific nor scholastic bodies ever enrich the common tongue with expressions so apt and full of meaning that they gain immediate and enduring vogue. The slang of the undergraduate collegian is pitifully inept and meager.

For anything that can give a new zest to the vulgate we must look to the stage, the gambling house and even to the opium den and thieves' resort. Returning soldiers will certainly bring with them much of the argot of field and trench of which "cooties" is a sample. The word "joint" as applied to iniquitous and other resorts comes from the joint of bamboo from which an opium pipe is made. "Dope" was originally the slang term for opium—hence "dope" and "dopy." Innumerable are the verbal products of the gambling house. Among the commonest of them are "four flushing," "keeping tab," "standing pat" and "down to cases." To "give the office" or "office" some one is a very old bit of London thieves' slang.

The cause of all this is quite apparent to the thinking mind. Persons of education and cultivation have a vocabulary of their own sufficiently large and varied to enable them to express themselves without going beyond its limits. Those who are lacking in education sometimes coin words in an emergency that prove so expressive that they acquire general currency.

To Take Unclaimed Deposits.

English banks have $500,000,000 of unclaimed deposits which the government proposes to take over, for use in meeting public expenses, holding itself liable to the owners who may claim the money at any future time. A bill before parliament provides that every bank shall report all deposits and securities that have remained unclaimed for six years.

Camp Doniphan Buildings Sold.

It may be of interest to Nodaway county boys, members of the Thirty-fifth Division, who trained at Camp Doniphan, Fort Sill, Okla., that those in charge have sold the buildings located on the camp site for $61,000 to a Chicago company, subject to confirmation by Washington.

Miss McPherron Receives Large Salary

Miss Myrtle McPherron began her second year as teacher in the country high school near Blake, Mo., receiving a salary of $187.50 per month. The school has an eight months term and another year has been added to the course, making it a three-year high school.

He Judged in Two Fairs.

J. F. Roelofson, public administrator, is back in Maryville after serving as a judge in the horse departments in the Iowa State Fair at Des Moines and the fair at Pattonsby, Mo. Mr. Roelofson reports great crowds at both fairs, especially at Des Moines.

Fort Scott Guest.

Mrs. R. C. Campbell of Fort Scott, Kan., will arrive tonight for a visit at the home of her sister, Mrs. J. C. Allender, and Dr. Allender.

Week End in Kansas City.

Miss Gladys Ford and Miss Vada Foland left this afternoon for Kansas City where they will be guests for the week end of the latter's brother, Ray Foland.

Townsend's Cash Grocery

4th and Main Sts.

PRICES QUOTED ARE FOR FRIDAY SHOPPERS

4½ lbs Fine Granulated Suagr for 50c
Navy Beans—(small lot, home grown, 1919) per lb 10c
Fancy Quality Onions 5c
per lb. Lots of one or more bushels $1.80

Over The Top Coffee
Rich and Flavory
1-lb Sealed pkgs. 45c

50-lb Blocks Morton's Salt for 55c
48-lb Sack Maney's Best Flour for $2.75
Large Cans Mustard Sardines (20c kind) 2 for 25c
Best American Sardines in Oil ¼ size cans, 4 for 25c
Troco—3 lbs $1.00
Del Monte Sliced Table Peaches (heavy syrup) No. 2 cans, each 28c
1-lb Tall cans Alaska Salmon for 19c
Dry Salt Cured Bacon, Lean, lb 33c

UTAH PEACHES
First car load now here. Second car will arrive 2 or 3 days later. If you have orders placed please phone us.

Fine Large Celery, 15c and 20c
1-lb cans Pure Black Pepper for 45c
3 lbs Good Bulk Coffe $1.00
No. 2 cans Red Beans 10c
No. 2 cans Swee Potatoes 16c
No. 3 cans Sweet Potatoes 20c
Nodaway County Honey, large full frames 40c
Good Apples, per pk 25c
Solid Cabbage, lb 5c
Tango Tea—All kinds—
½-lb pkgs. 35c
small pkgs. 15c
1-lb can K. C. Powder 16c
Morrel's Lean Bacon 40c

THE NEW CLETRAC TANK-TYPE CATERPILLAR TRACTOR HERE

Maryville Motor Company Receives Its First One For Demonstration —Has Unusual Features

The Maryville Motor Co., composed of George Sellers and Dick Strong, this morning received their first Cletrac Tank-type tractor for demonstration purposes. The agency for this new type tractor was secured by them some two weeks ago.

This new tractor which attracted considerable attention on the streets this morning, is made and guaranteed by the Cleveland Tractor Co., manufacturers of the Cleveland tractor. Because "Cleveland" is a geographical name and could not be copyrighted, the name was changed.

Being one of the caterpillar traction power type this new machine differs from the ordinary farm tractor and should prove immensely popular because of its wonderful record for hard usage under the severe tests of war.

Among its distinctive features are the ease and quickness with which it can be turned around. This can be done within a radius of six feet. A power pulley on the crankshaft just outside of the radiator makes a place to put a belt on and allows use of the motor for the many power jobs around the farm.

Mrs. Cleav Funk Here.

Mrs. Cleav Funk and little son, Billy, arrived Tuesday night from Bonesteel, S. Dak., to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. Sturm, and to attend to some business matters.

Voice Returns During Sleep.

Sallisaw, Okla., Sept. 4.—After having been unbale to talk since he was four years old, Harvey Potter, a negro, awoke the other morning and found that he was able to use his vocal chords to produce sound.

Dr. and Mrs. H. R. Juvenal went to Kansas City this morning to spend the day.

D. R. EVERSOLE & SON

A SPECIAL QUALITY

of outing flannel this season in light & dark colors—just a little better quality and finish than is unusually sold by most stores. The price is 35c a yard but a very fine cloth for the price. The patterns are not ordinary outing flannel patterns. See them for your winter needs.

STURDY HOSE

for school children. All hose look good before they are worn but the test of wear, finish and dye comes later. Buy your childrens hose of us and be sure of quality and good wear. Buy hose that look good after they are laundered. You do not pay any more and this means real economy in the end.

A SPECIAL SHOWING

of Crepe de Chine waists just received at $5.00. Plain and embroidered styles in white, flesh and black. These are extra values for $5.00 and you should see them early as we will have no more. Other crepe de chine waists at $5.95, $7.50, $8.75 and $10.00

AT $5.95, $7.50 AND $9.50

we are specializing on three qualities of Georgette waists this season, giving extra values at these prices—colors, bisque, white, flesh, grey, taupe and navy. These are plain and combination trimmed. You can not equal these waists in any other store at these prices. See them before you buy.

ASK FOR NO. 64

if you want an exceptional quality ladies black cotton hose for a pair, 30c. These hose have wearing qualities. All sizes 8½ to 10.

At $1.25

ladies ribbed top silk hose in black and white. These are priced very low at $1.25 and should appeal to you if you want good wearing silk hose at a reasonable price.

ON THE ROAD

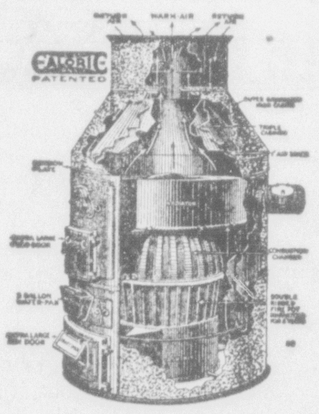
On August 29th the Monitor Stove Co., shipped us one carload of

PIPELESS CALORIC FURNACE
THE ORIGINAL PATENTED PIPELESS FURNACE

There are 20 furnaces in this shipment and we believe that it is the largest single shipment of furnaces ever received in Maryville. This is real evidence of the popularity of the

Caloric Pipeless Furnace

in Nodaway County. The satisfied users here are a small number of the 76,00 homes in the United States that are now using this same furnace.



By the Caloric system no heat is wasted. All of it rises directly through the center of the Caloric combination register and circulates uniformly through every room in the building, both upstairs and down. As the warm air rises, the cool air is drawn down through the two section register to the bottom of the furnace, then up over the heated castings, and out through the center of the register, to find its way into adjoining rooms—completing the cycle of Caloric-heat circulation.

Come in and let us explain more fully this wonderful system—and how it can be used to advantage in your home.

Howard Wray Hardware Company

Social, Clubs Churches

W. R. C. Meeting.

The Women's Relief Corps will hold its regular meeting tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at their hall. A good attendance is desired.

Workers - Teachers Conference.

The Workers and Teachers Conference of the Baptist church will meet Friday evening at 7 o'clock at the church. Supper will be served.

For California Visitors.

Miss Anna Kimple, 315 West Halsey street, entertained at 12 o'clock dinner yesterday in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Estes and son, John, of Upland, Calif. Others present were Mrs. N. F. Humber, Mrs. G. W. Bowmer, Mrs. Nellie Quinn, Miss Anna Key and the hostess.

Family Gathering.

The home of Mrs. Jennie Hanna was the scene of a pleasant family gatering on Monday. The guests were Grandmother Mahan, formerly a resident of Hopkins, but for the past few years of Los Angeles, Cal.; Mrs. L. Kemery of Bedford and her son, Bruce E Mahan, wife and child of Iowa City, and Frank T. Mahan of St. Joseph. Bruce E Mahan is the head of the history department of the Iowa City high school and Frank T. Mahan is secretary of the St. Joseph Lumber Co. Little Louis Frank Mahan is the great-grandson of Grandmother Mahan. After a good visit and a splendid dinner the family left for Bedford.—Hopkins Journal.

Benefit Association Meeting.

The postponed meeting of the benefit association of the Alderman-Yehle employes was held last night at the store. There was a discussion of the course of study as well as plans for recreation. Conrad W. Yehle, president of the Alderman-Yehle Dry Goods Company, gave a talk on co-operation and present prblems confronting the and present problems confronting the company, made a donation of $50 to the association for its fund. Three new members were initiated as follows: Mrs. J. E. Lovell of Bedford, Ia., assistant in the millinery department; Mrs. Ethel Eggers of Sharpsburg, Ia., clerk in the ready-to-wear department; and Miss Doris Goforth, at the pattern counter. Following the business meeting, the time was spent socially, with Mr. Yehle as host. Refreshments concluded an interesting meeting.

For Departing Friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Moore entertained at 12 o'clock dinner Tuesday at the country home, "Hill Crest," in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Newt Morgan and children, Quete and Drexel, of Parnell, who are leaving soon for their new home in Carpenter, Wyo., where Mr. Morgan will be engaged in the real estate business. The guest list included Mr. and Mrs. Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wiley, Mr. and Mrs. Ross Lincoln, Mr. and Mrs. Ray Lincoln, Mr. and Mrs. Jim Ulmer, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Wiley, Mr. and Mrs. Ed West, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dinsmore, Mrs. Laura Watson, Misses Quete Morgan, Grace Lewis, Helen Gertrude Lincoln, Mozelle, Audrey and Neva Dinsmore, Irma West, Charlene and Donnabelle Wiley and Doyle Drexel Morgan, Wilbur Lincoln, Donald, Marvin and Ralph Dinsmore, Maurice Wiley and Coy and Galen West.

P. E. O. Chapter.

The year's work for the P. E. O. Chapter will begin Saturday, Sept. 27, at the meeting with Mrs. O. C. Hanna, at which the husbands of the members will be guests. The chapter has been in existence for twenty-one years, having been organized in August, 1898. The monthly study topics, which have been selected from the Mentor magazine, are miscellaneous in kind. The local chapter has contributed liberally to the national educational fund which is used for the education of needy and deserving girls. An outline of the year's program follows:

On Sept. 27 the chapter will reassemble at the home of Mrs. O. C. Hanna. A picnic supper will be the feature and the officers, Mrs. T. L. Wilderman, president, Mrs. Arch Frank, vice president, Miss Lucie Davis, recording secretary, Mrs. W. A. Miller, corresponding secretary, Miss Mary Evans, treasurer, Miss Carrie Hopkins, chaplain, Mrs. Fred Kurtz, guard, Mrs. J. E. Bailey, pianist, and Mrs. Charles Wadley, journalist and reporter, are on the entertainment committee.

The members will assemble Oct. 11 at the home of Miss Evans for their initial program. Miss Nell Hudson, with "Under Open Sky" as her subject, will lead the meeting. She will be assisted by Miss May Anthony, who will have the topic "American Wild Flowers"; "Favorite Trees" will be discussed by Mrs. J. D. Richey; "American Birds of Beauty" by Mrs. Miller. A vocal solo by Mrs. Bailey will conclude the program.

The first of the social meetings will be held Oct. 25, when Mrs. Kurtz and Mrs. Wadley will be hostesses. Every other meeting is a social one and this is a custom the chapter has successfully followed for a number of years. The husbands and a few friends of the members will be entertained on Nov. 22, when Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Frank, Mrs. Charles Nicholas and Mrs. Dusenberry will be the hostesses. Other social meetings listed are: Dec. 27, hostesses, Miss Hudson and Mrs. Frank Garrett; Feb. 28, hostesses, Mrs. Allender and Mrs. Wm. Symons; March 27, annual luncheon at the home of Mrs. Bailey, with program committee as assisting hostesses, Mrs. Allender, Mrs. Richey, Miss Hudson and Miss Mabel Wells; April 24, hostesses, Mrs. C. C. Corwin and Mrs. M. G. Tate; and May 29, hostesses, Miss Davis and Mrs. Roy Lippman.

The second program will be given November 8 at the home of Miss Hopkins. "Masters and Masterpieces in Art" will be the theme and the following program wil be given: "Famous Art Galleries," Miss Davis, leader; "Raphael," Mrs. Allender; "Picture on the Wall," Mrs. Symons. On Dec. 12 a Christmas program will be enjoyed at the home of Mrs. Richey, Miss Hopkins, who will be in charge of the program, will tell a Christmas story. Mrs. Kurtz will give the "Story of Christmas," and Mrs. Garrett will talk about "Christmas in Other Lands." Mrs. Wilderman, Mrs. Bailey and Miss Hudson will participate in a musicale of Christmas songs and instrumental selectfons.

The first meeting of the new year will be held Jan. 10 with Mrs. F. M. Compton, with Mrs. Corwin as leader. The general subject will be "America in Story and Picture." The leader will have "The Story of the Hudson" as her topic; Mrs. Frank, "Historic Spots of America"; Mrs. Tate, "Cradle of Liberty." Mrs. Frank will be the next hostess on Feb. 14, when "Makers of Modern Poetry" will be the subject. The leader, Mrs. M. L. Beattie, will discuss "Henry Van Dyke"; Mrs. Compton, "James Whitcomb Riley"; Mrs. Lippman, "Other Modern Poets"; reading, "The House by the Side of the Road", Mrs. F. W. Crow; music, Mrs. Wilderman.

The annual election of officers will take place on March 13 at the home of Miss Alice Worst. The April meeting will be held on the 10th with Mrs. Wilderman. The topic will be "Musical Moments," and talks on the subject of the afternoon will be given by Mrs. Hanna, leader; Miss Worst and Miss Hudson. Miss Hudson will give an instrumental number and Mrs. Bailey will sing a solo. The final program will be given at the home of Miss May Anthony on May 15, when Mrs. Nicholas, leader, will talk about "Yosemite Valley." Miss Evans will tell of the "Canadian Rockies," and Mrs. Wadley, the "Virgin Islands." The last meeting of the year will be held early in June, with Miss Mabel Todd, at which time the report of the state convention will be given.

Christian W. M. Society.

In case of rain, the meeting of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Christian church will be held tomorrow afternoon at the church at 2:30 o'clock, instead of at the country home of Mrs. A. M. Slatton, north of Maryville.

Baptist Circle Meetings.

Circle No. 1 met with Mrs. C. L. Gann Tuesday evening. At the meeting officers and chairmen of committees for the coming year were elected as follows: Mrs. D. D. Miller, chairman of circle; Miss Lois Cummings, secretary-treasurer; Mrs. Gann, mission study leader; Miss Cora Young, chairman enlistment committee; Mrs. C. H. Coe, chairman mission and education committee; Mrs. James Kegin, chairman benevolent and aid committee.

Mrs. E. B. Woodward was hostess to Circle No. 2 Tuesday afternoon. Officers and chairmen elected were Mrs. W. A. Burris, chairman of circle; Mrs. W. A. White, secretary-treasurer; Miss Katherine Helwig, mission study leader; Mrs. Mollie Potts, chairman enlistment committee; Mrs. John White, mission education; Mrs. C. C. Graves, benevolent and aid.

The meeting of Circle No. 3 was held Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. A. Speirs. These officers and chairmen were chosen: Mrs. G. B. Holmes, Sr., chairman of circle; Mrs. J. T. Pugh, secretary-treasurer; Mrs. E. O. Williams, mission study enlistment committee; Miss Eva Davis, leader; Mrs. Flora Quinn, chairman mission and education; Miss Addie Yeo, benevolent and aid. Devotional exercises were conducted by Mrs. Herman Hull, and the topic for the afternoon was "Women of the Orient in Business and Literature." The mite boxes were opened and the funds were transferred to the circle's treasury. The hostess served refreshments to the fourten members in attendance.

At the meeting of Circle No. 4, which was held with Miss Maggie Allen Tuesday evening, officers and chairmen were elected as follows: Mrs. T. J. Puckett, chairman of circle; Mrs. Mary Jones, secretary-treasurer; Mrs. Etta Bailey, mission study leader; Mrs. Eugene Ogden, chairman enlistment committee; Mrs. W. C. Ferguson, mission and education; Mrs. T. A. Kendall, benevolent and aid.

ANYWAY, THEY DID NOT GET A MARRIAGE LICENSE HERE

Bride-to-be in Creston Couple Finds That Even Parents' Consent Won't Help When You Are Under 15

They almost got a marriage license here, but not quite. Their names did get on the little book in the recorder's office, but two large crosses in ink show where they were stricken out.

Matthew Shock and Miss Grace Haron, both of Creston, Iowa, came to Maryville yesterday to get married, as many Creston couples do. Incidentally, Justice W. L. Johnson nearly always gets to marry the Creston couples. They just naturally go to him.

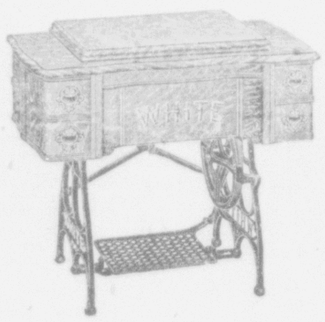
But to return to Matthew and Grace. Matthew gave his age as 20, but Grace turned out to be only 14. Both had the consent of their parents. That, however, is not enough in Missouri any more, when ages under 15 are concerned. They didn't have the permission of the Nodaway county probate court or circuit court, as is necessary now.

And so—but write the rest of it yourself.

Miss Dorothy Ann Culkin returns today from a month's visit with her sisters, Mrs. R. W. Collins in Maryville, Mo., and Omaha.—St. Joseph News-Press.

And They Shipped the Shingles.

The Dalles, Orc., Sept. 4.—He who contracts to circumvent the will of an Oregonian has walked into a man's job. For example, it was desired to complete the school house at Anton, Ore., today, that the opening of the fall term of school might not be delayed. To ship shingles for the roof by freight meant uncertainty of delivery, so they were sent by parcel post, and, to beat the law, were tied up in eighty bundles by the Tum-a-Lum Lumber company, from whom they were bought. But even this division of weight would not entirely comply with Uncle Sam's strict postal regulations. They must needs be delivered to sixteen different addresses, so that number of Anton citizens each received a nice bundle of Oregon's celebrated cedar, with the compliments of the Tum-a-Lum company. Not having individual uses for the gifts they were passed over to the school authorities, and the versatility of John G. Odell, manager of the lumber concern, was satisfactorily rewarded. Game being scarce in that regions, the young idea of Anton will now be taught not to shoot but to read and write.



Why You Should Have a WHITE SEWING MACHINE

Perhaps your old machine has been doing service for a long time, and has served it usefulness. If that is true you want a new, modern machine that you can do better work and mort work with.

The White Rotary is a double lock stitch machine, and the sewing has exceptional strength.

The accurate adjustment of the White enables one to sew the sheerest materials perfectly.

The needle is short and strong and less liable to break, than most machine needles.

Large double feed that carries goods straight without guiding.

And the finest improvement ever put on a machine—only the White has it—the tension indicator. You do not have to guess the correct tension for your work and you can set it in an instant.

Ball Bearings in stand wheel hub and upper part of pitman assure smooth and easy running qualities.

By all means see the White rotary at

PRICE & McNEAL

Alderman-Yehle Dry Goods Co.

WEST THIRD STREET, MARYVILLE, MO.

New Fall Sweaters

In Slipon, Open and Swagger Scarf Styles

The sweater season is on, the demand for nifty, neat fitting styles is growing as the fall season advances. This is just the time to make your selection of a sweater as you get the advantage of a full season's wear for the same price you will be required to pay later, then you have a larger and more complete assortment to select from now than later.

OPEN SWEATERS
$5.00 to $15.00

The open sweater is always in strong demand. The belted effect, the patch pockets, the V neck with both round and square collar effects the roll collar and the style neck and collar that buttons close under the chin are all features of our new assortment of sweaters that button up the front.

The colors include cardinal, green, brown, yellow, gray, turquoise, Copenhagen and rose. Priced at $5.00 to $15.00

SLIPON SWEATERS
$5.00 to $9.00

The slipon sweaters in V and round collar effects are meeting with strong demand, especially with the younger ladies.

Our assortment is very complete with a wide variety of combined colors. Turquoise with tan, cardinal with green, rose with gray, green with cardinal, Copenhagen with white, and other attractive combinations are here to choose from. Priced at ..... $5.00 to $9.00

SWAGGER SCARFS.
At $15.00

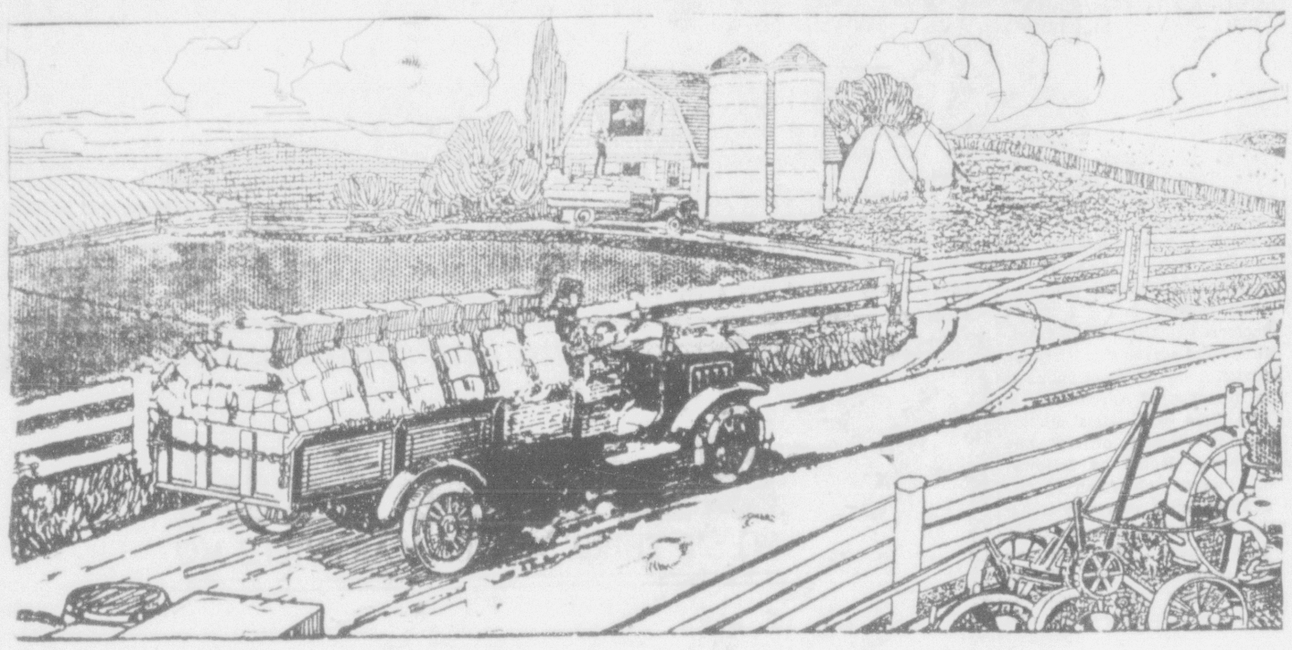
Just one of the new ideas in knitted Motor or Board-Walk Scarfs. These are in large scarf or shawl effect with pockets and having fringe at bottom. Heather and green, and gray and rose, real attractive and practical, at each $15.00

SWEATERS FOR MISS AND CHILD
$2.25 to $9.00

Unusual assortment of sweaters for the miss and child, sizes 26, 28, 30, 34 and 36. Both open and slipon styles in cardinal, rose, Copenhagen, brown, green and gray. Mothers who want warm garments for the children this winter will do well to see this exceptional assortment at ..... $2.25 to $9.00

KIDDIES SWEATERS and SETS

Pretty, warm things for baby are a mother's first thought when cold weather comes. We are asking you to not wait until the cold weather comes, but to prepare now while our assortment is at high tide. We have just received a very exceptional collection of slipon and open sweaters, sweater sets consisting of pants, sweater and cap, and the attractive little crochet and knitted sacques. These are in various colors and color combinations and represents real values. Sweaters at $2.25 to $5.00. Sweater Sets at $2.25 to $8.50, Sacques at 75c to $3.00



Truck Hauling Costs Less than half of Horse Hauling

A recent government report shows the average cost of truck hauling in the central part of the United States to be 9 cents per ton mile, against 23 cents cost of team hauling.

This is very reasonable when we consider that a good truck, will haul as much as two or three teams—that two or three teams and wagons cost more than a good truck and the feed and upkeep is more expensive than gasoline.

Then why not haul by truck?

That is just the kind of economy and efficiency that has done so much for the farming business in the past—and it is just the kind of work that will make farming more profitable in the future.

THE SANDOW TRUCK

will do the work of several teams and do it at the very lowest cost, because it is built strong and durable and because its motor is so steady and dependable and will pull on high speed where other trucks go on low, at a consequent saving of gasoline.

If you were sure you could save $1.40 every time you haul a ton of grain 10 miles you would not wait long about getting a truck. We believe we can show you just that kind of saving by using a Sandow. Made in six sizes for every kind of farm hauling.

Nodaway Motor Company

Chandler Car Company

C. C. HELLMERS *MARYVILLE, MO.* *ALBERT KUCHS*

WAR RISK INSURANCE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

The Democrat-Forum will print whenever possible information sent out by the government concerning the government insurance. All letters of inquiry that cannot be answered here will be forwarded to Washington for answer.

Question 17. If I do not pay my premiums on a converted policy when they fall due or within the days of grace, do I lose my insurance altogether?

Answer. No. The bureau offers liberal provisions for reinstating your converted insurance after it has lapsed for the nonpayment of premiums. In order to learn the conditions on which you may make reinstatement of a converted policy, you should make application to the bureau.

Question 18. Can I reinstate my term (wartime) insurance if it has been dropped or cancelled, and will I have to pay the overdue premiums?

Answer. In a new decision (T. D. 47 W. R.) signed July 25, 1919, the secretary of the treasury ruled that discharged soldiers, sailors and marines who have dropped their insurance may reinstate it within eighteen months after discharge without paying the back premiums. All they will be asked to pay will be the premium on the amount of insurance to be reinstated for the month of grace in which they were covered and for the current month.

Thus, for example, if a man dropped $10,000 of insurance in January, 1919, and applies for reinstatement the first of August for $5,000, all he will have to pay will be the premium for January (the month of grace) on $5,000. Or if he applies for reinstatement of the full $10,000 he will pay a total of two month's premiums on $10,000, one for January and one for August. He will not have to pay premiums in either case for the intervening months.

The decision stipulates that the former service man applying for reinstatement be in as good health as at date of discharge.

Former Treasury Decision W. R. 45 and other prior regulations in conflict with the new decisions are revoked.

Director R. G. Cholmeley-Jones of the Bureau of War Risk Insurance, following the signing of the decision, made the folowing statement:

"The present decision is one of the most important to former service men that has been made in the history of the bureau.

"Many service men have been deterred from availing themselves of the former and less liberal reinstatement privileges by reason of the relatively large amount of money represented by accumulated overdue premiums, and that it would seem that they were paying for something that they never actually had which, in fact, was the case.

"Under the new decision a man is relieved of the burden of overdue premiums. He has an opportunity to rehabilitate himself financially after getting out of the army, navy or marine corps, and to reinstate his insurance any time within eighteen months following discharge without the burden of paying a large amount of money.

"The reason payment for the month of grace is required under the new decision is that the insured was protected by reason of his insurance continuing in force during that month, and that had he died during the period of grace his policy would have bee npaid.

"Should a lapse again occur AFTER the eighteen months from date of discharge, reinstatement may be made, providing that at the time of application for reinstatement such insurance shall not have been lapsed for more than one year, in accordance with the conditions of the decision.

"Of course, every man who has dropped his insurance should reinstate it immediately, for the reason that if he should die before reinstatement his dependents will not receive any payment.

"Therefore, I urge that care be taken to make clear to every former service man who has dropped his insurance that the new ruling DOES NOT automatically reinstate him, and to impress upon him that he will be WITHOUT INSURANCE until he voluntarily applies for and secures reinstatement. He should immediately apply for reinstatement for his own protection and that of his dependents.

"Don't forget that men die and become disabled in peace time as well as in war time, and that if a man waits he may not be in as good health as he was at the time of his discharge and consequently may not be able to secure reinstatement.

"Don't put off reinstatement. Do it now."

Question 19. Can I reinstate a part of my insurance only?

Answer. Yes.

Question 20. Is it worth while to continue the insurance and convert it if I have no relatives within the permitted class?

Answer. Yes. Even if you are without dependents wou government policy is just as valuable to you. It provides against your total permant disability. You can convert to a government endowment policy, which will assure financial comfort in later years.

Question 21. To whom can I go in order to have a personal talk with someone about my war risk insurance?

Answer. The Home Service sections of the Red Cross. Also a large number of representatives of life insurance companies, and others, have volunteered their services to give you full information about your government insurance. These volunteers are enrolled in the bureau and most of them are bearing the bureau's enrollment "W. R. I." pin. Do not hesitate to go to any one of them for information and advice.

Question 22. In writing to the bureau about my insurance, what information must I give?

Answer. All communications about insurance should be addressed to the Insurance Division, Bureau of War Risk Insurance, Washington, D. C., and should contain the following information:

1. Your FULL name and address.
2. Your rank at the time of applying for insurance.
3. Your organization at the time of applying for insurance.
4. Your army serial number, if known.
5. The number of your insurance certificate, if known.

OPEN YOUR SAVINGS ACCOUNT NOW!

Lay the foundation of your fortune by opening a savings account today.

Deposits of one dollar and upward received in our savings department.

Interest Paid Twice a Year.

Oldest Bank in the County.

4% INTEREST ON TIME DEPOSITS

NODAWAY VALLEY BANK

A Bank of Savings Maryville, Missouri

For Sale-Modern House

7 rooms and bath, cemented basement, enclosed back porch, fine lot, paved street, all kinds fruit trees, berries, grapes etc. This is a well built desirable house and close in.

Will sell worth the money furnished or unfurnished. 222 W. 4th St.

PUBLIC SALE of the Big Type Poland Chinas

Sat., Sept. 6, 1919

Commencing at 1 o'clock at livery barn, Conception Junction, Mo.

HEAD OF

45 Poland China Hogs 45

15 FALL YEARLINGS—15 SPRING BOARS—15 SPRING GILTS

Sired by Columbus Jr., Young Orphan, Smooth Big Bone, Long Tim and other sires of note.

The entire offering is Cholera Immune and every animal guaranteed. These pigs will be in the pink of condition and not loaded down with fat. They are all high backed, smooth, stretchy pigs, that will do their new owner good.

Terms of Sale—3, 6 or 9 months, at 8 per cent interest from date. Purchaser giving bankable note. Nothing to be removed until settled for.
Lunch served at noon.

A. L. AUER

Auctioneers—Col. J. E. Duncan, O. E. Klaas, M. D. Miller.

Clerk—Chas. Teson.

HOPES TO REDUCE SWOLLEN CAPITAL

MISSOURI ATTORNEY GENERAL HAS PLAN TO CUT THE H. C. L.

MAY BRING PRICE DOWN

Remove Necessity for Large Dividends, He Says; Make Smaller Profits, Benefit the Consumer

Jefferson City, Sept. 3. — Attorney General McAllister, who for the past month has been conducting a hunt for food profiteers, has at the same time been making a secret investigation into the captitalization of several big corporations in Missouri manufacturing necessaries with a view to an attack in the courts on what he believes is swollen capitaliaztion.

McAlister is acting under Section 8, Article 12 of the Missouri State constitution, which gives the attorney general authority to bring action in court to cancel capital stock not issued for a bona fide cash payment or its equivalent.

McAlister believes that if some of these corporations can be compelled to reduce their capitalization it will remove the necessity for the large dividends which they have been earning and will result in smaller profits and lower prices to the consumer. The corporations thath are being investigated, McAlister says, are boith Missouri corporations and companies incorporated in other states and licensed to do business in Missouri. Among them are said to be several large shoe manufacturing companies. McAllister declines to give the names of any of the corporations.

The clause in the constitution which McAllister is basing his threatened suits upon reads as follows:

"No coroporation shall issue stocks or bonds, except for money paid, labor done or property actually received, and all fictitious increase of stock indebtedness shall be void. The stock and bonded indebtedness of corporations shall not be increased except in pursuance of general law, not without the consent of the persons hilding the larger amount in value of the stock first obtained at a meeting called for the purpose, first giving 60 days' notice, a smay be provided for by law."

There is no penalty attached to the "fictitious increase" of capital stock, which must be done by suit in court.

Dies of Grief After Killing.

Taylorville, Ill., Sept. 3.—Two years ago John Blaco killed a fellow workman in a trivial dispute. Blanco was acquitted on a plea of self-defense. He died a few days' ago suffering from grief, it is believed, over the killing. Blanco was an Austrian coal miner.

Marries to Win Freedom.

Wellsburg, W. Va., Sept. 3.—"I only married you so that I could get out of the institution. Goodbye." Thus Mrs. Robert Horner addressed the steps of the King's Daughters' Day Nursery after the wedding. The girl had been confined in the institution, but could not be held after the ceremony.

Booze Under Setting Hen.

Macon, Ga., Sept. 3.—Three gallons of contraband whiskey was found in a hollow stump, under a nest in which a hen was setting on eggs in a box when Deputies E. C. Pierce, Ed Newberry and F. C. Tindal raided the house of R. F. Hayes in Laurens county, recently. The camouflage failed to take into account the odor of the liquor.

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Zemo, the penetrating, satisfying liquid, is all that is needed, for it banishes most skin eruptions, makes the skin soft, smooth and healthy.

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Many Extra Miles

We can show you—and prove to you—that there is a genuine money saving in the use of United States Tires.

The *extra* miles they give mean just so many extra dollars counted in real money.

And there are further actual economies in the saving of gas, oil, repairs and depreciation.

The reason of all this is in the tires themselves—their liveliness, ruggedness and sturdiness.

There are five United States Tires—a type for every make of car.

United States Tires are Good Tires

LOWRY HARDWARE AND IMPLEMENT CO.
SKIDMORE GARAGE, SKIDMORE, MO.

Wooden Leg Too Much for Thief.

Medford, Ore., Sept. 3.—A thief entered a home in this city. He had ransacked several rooms, pocketed a gold watch and a bunch of jewels belonging to a lady occupant of one, stole a valuable pipe from a male roomer, pulled on a pair of new shoes belonging to another, grabbed a pair of trousers and started for the door. Just then a wooden leg dropped from the pantaloons. As is struck the uncarpeted floor with a loud thud the frightened burglar emptied his pockets of the loot he had stolen and, with a Comanchee warwhoop, dashed from the premises. It is the opinion of the owner of the house, T. M. Thompson, that he is running yet.

HORSES AND MULES WANTED

ADAMS, the horse buyer will be in Maryville until Friday and will ship two load of Southern horses and mules this week. If you have anything to sell, inquire at the Star barn.

Men Can't Smoke, Won't Teach.

Kansas City, Kan., Sept. 3.—The action of the state superintendent of public instruction of Kansas, Miss Lizzie E. Wooster, in forbidding school boards to employ teachers who smoke cigarettes may cause a serious shortage of men teachers in the high schools here. The opening of the 1919-1920 term may be delayed, it was announced by Miss Olive Thompson, the county superintendent. So many men teachers are unwilling to give up the "weed" condemned by Miss Wooster that Miss Thompson fears the high schools of Wyandotte county will not be "manned" by men teachers.

CAR WYOMING COAL JUST ARRIVED. WM. EVERHART. 4-6

Hosmer's Monthly Sale

GRAY'S SALE PAVILION

Open for the sale of everybody's live stock.

Maryville, Saturday, Sept. 6

HORSES, MULES, CATTLE, HOGS, SHEEP—All kinds, sizes and ages.
What do want to sell? List it now.

R. P. Hosmer, "The Auctioneer"

"GOD SAVE CHINA FROM FRIENDS"

Senator McCumber Protests in Senate Against Shantung Amendment to Treaty.

AGAINST INTEREST OF CHINA

Republican Senator Asserts that Opponents of the Peace Treaty in the Senate Are Trying to Kill It.

Washington, Aug. 26.—Senator McCumber, for twenty years Republican senator from North Dakota, in a speech in the senate today, charged that the majority of the foreign relations committee is trying to kill the peace treaty and the league of nations. Senator McCumber spoke after his second breach with the opponents of the treaty on the senate committee on foreign relations. In the present breach Senator McCumber voted alone with the supporters of the treaty and against the majority of the committee which voted to strike out "Japan" and insert "China" in the three sections awarding the Shantung Peninsula.

"Why did the majority of this committee pause in the midst of their hearing to make this particular amendment?" asked Senator McCumber. "The purpose is apparent. It is to signify to the country that the senate is hostile to this treaty. It is to put Japan in a position where she cannot without an appearance of being coerced do what she has promised to do. It is to create trouble between this country and Japan and thereby send the first dagger thrust into the body of this treaty. I am satisfied that no greater blow could ever be struck against the real interests of China than by such an amendment.

"Is it an act of true friendship toward China or a mere political move to defeat the treaty? If its sponsors now fail to come forward and openly pledge that if Japan is driven out of this treaty then the United States will proceed single handed and alone to drive Japan out of China—will renew this world war and send our soldiers into the Orient to fight for her, then by this act they are betraying China with a false kiss.

"If, on the other hand, they declare they will make war to drive Japan out of China, to prevent Japan receiving only those rights which the other great nations of the world have received, then they are proclaiming a policy which they have assailed as being the most wicked part of the league of nations—a policy of interference with the quarrels of the Old World. Worse than that, while they violently condemn a joint agreement with the other great white nations of the world to shield the greater what races from annihilation they would send our sons to death to defend the inferior yellow races whom we claim to be so inferior as to be unfit to associate with us.

"Either we will bring both Japan and China into this league of nations, which by the very terms of its provisions will compel Japan to return to China all the German rights acquired by Japan, not only by conquest but by the solemn agreement made by her with China herself, or you will drive Japan out of this treaty wherein she will not be bound by the obligations which she should assume by joining the league, and where she will be holding the German territory and all the German interests by the right of conquest and with the broken word of China, she can work her way to the very limit of subjugation of all the Chinese territory not now within the sphere of influence of other powers.

"With this league of nations China obtains an assurance which is tantamount to a guaranty by all the world that not only will Japan return to China what Germany wrested from her in 1898, but henceforth and so long as this league shall last no other nation shall rob China of one inch of her territory or exercise any control over her people inconsistent with the claims of complete independence and sovereignty."

Senator McCumber then recited the history of the several treaties under which Japan took over the German rights in Shantung, promising to restore them to China. He then said: "By this amendment you declare that Japan cannot be trusted to keep sacred her word, given not only to China alone but also given to the United States and other important nations by reiterated declarations.

"There is but one honorable, upright and proper course to be pursued by all the great nations of the world, including China and Japan, let China keep her treaty, give Japan an opportunity to do what she has pledged her national honor to do; cease this attempt to juggle this country into war with Japan; defeat the proposed amendment which arrogates to ourselves the right to annul a treaty between China and Japan and sets at naught a treaty made during the stress of battle between our cobelligerents and Japan before we entered into the war; bring Japan and China into this world league and as sure as the sun shall rise tomorrow Japan will keep her plighted faith and China will receive complete present justice and assured future protection.

"On the other hand force this breach of contract by China; drive Japan out of this league by insulting her honor; relieve her from her treaty by first breaking it yourselves and thereby installing her in her impregnable position of right of conquest and China is doomed. The other European nations cannot help her because they are tied by their own treaties and you will not make war on Japan to help China after she has broken her treaty.

"If these be friends of China, then God save China from her friends."

PRINCE ALBERT

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YOU can't help cutting loose joy'us remarks every time you flush your smokespot with Prince Albert—it hits you so fair and square. It's a scuttle full of jimmy pipe and cigarette makin's sunshine and as satisfying as it is delightful every hour of the twenty-four!

It's never too late to hop into the Prince Albert pleasure-pasture! For, P. A. is trigger-ready to give you more tobacco fun than you ever had in your smokecareer. *That's because it has the quality.*

Quick as you know Prince Albert you'll write it down that P. A. *did not* bite your tongue or parch your throat. *And, it never will!* For, our exclusive patented process cuts out bite and parch. Try it for what ails *your* tongue!

Toppy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidors—and—that clever, practical pound crystal glass humidor with sponge moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such perfect condition.

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Winston-Salem, N. C.

COUNTY TAX OFFICIALS ASK DATA ON RAILROAD VALUATION

Missouri Levies Are Being Made on the Estimates of 1916, Which Causes Considerable Complaint

Jefferson City, Sept. 3.—Tax officials in counties planning bond issues for roads, schools and other projects are making almost daily inquiries at the state capital as to why the general property valuation of railroads has not yet been certified to them, although the law requires this to be done by August 1.

Under the state law taxes must be levied on this class of property according to the next to the last valuation. The last valuation was for 1917.

This means that taxes to meet bond issues are being levied on the valuation of 1916, with the result, it is believed, that a god deal of railroad property will escape paying its share.

The railroads especially benefit by good roads, which enable the farmers to haul their produce for shipment, and county officials believe the roads should pay a just share of the cost of highway building.

Inquiry at the offices of the State Tax Commission reveals that the railroad valuation would not be ready before October 1. It is said the muddle in the legislature over the tax question, which the ousting of the old commission and delay in appointing new members, has resulted in deferring action on railroad property valuation, but that this work is now under way.

The State Board of Equalization, composed of the governor, attorney general, secretary of state, state treasurer and state auditor, held hearings on railroad valuation on July 30 and July 19. The old Tax Commission and the State Board of Equalization went about the valuation and equalization work separately. There has been no meeting of the Board of Equalization since July 19 and consequently no equalization of railroad property assessments.

The delay is said by capitol officials to contravene promises of Governor Gardner that he could appoint a State Tax Commission that would do the work of the old commission for nothing and get just as good results. The old commission was in constant session.

Recruit Delivered by Plane.

Salina, Kan., Sept. 3.—Joseph Must, a Salina boy who enlisted in the aviation corps, was taken to Post Field, Fort Sill, Okla., from this city in an airplane by army aviators. He is the first recruit from this part of the state to be "delivered by airplane" to the station.

CAR WYOMING COAL JUST ARRIVED. WM. EVERHART. 4-6

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LUBRICATING oil is inexpensive — the cost of a burned-out bearing will pay for the lubricants necessary to keep the machine in order for months. The Standard Oil Company (Indiana) manufactures three lubricating oils for tractors—

Heavy Polarine Oil
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One of these three is the correct oil for your tractor.

Our Engineering Staff has prepared a chart showing which one will give the best results in your particular tractor. The nearest Standard Oil representative will be glad to show it to you.

Write for "Tractor Lubrication," which you will find a valuable reference book of 100 pages and we believe it will save you many days of tractor idleness with the resultant money loss.

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The Store of Low Cash Prices.

SWEATERS

It's the time of the year when a sweater becomes a most useful garment, but besides usefulness the sweaters we are showing this season have a distinct style that add much to their charm and make them really a stylish garment.

Ladies' all wool sweaters in the new bright colorings, and both coat and slipover styles, long sleeves, an extra well made sweater and priced most reasonably at $7.50, $8, $8.50, $9, $11 and $12.50

Misses wool sweaters, long sleeve, slipover, middy style, good values at $4.00

Children's cotton mixed sweaters in all colors, priced at $1.25 and $2. Children's white wool sweaters, best quality and well made garment, $4.25

MEN'S COAT SWEATEDS $2.50 to $6.00

New Blankets Comfortables

A new bed covering to take the place of a comfort, but a lower price. Look and feel like a heavy blanket, patent Cortex finish in handsome patterns and deep soft color tones. These are the nicest thing we have ever had in a comfort blanket and the price is very low for such beautiful quality, $4.00

Crib Blankets

New line of child's cotton crib blankets in several patterns and pretty colorings, at 75c and $1.50.

MISSOURI TO RAISE FUND OF $50,000 FOR IRISH WORK

Quota of St. Louis $25,000—Speakers Talk on the Debt That the U. S. Owes to Ireland

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 4.—Men and women throughout Missouri are being appealed to by the Friends of Irish Freedom to do their share to help pay back the debt we owe to Ireland. A fund of $50,000 is being raised in the state for that organization.

The quota for this city is $25,000.

Frank P. Walsh, who was joint chairman of the War Labor Board during the war, pledged that Missourians would raise $50,000 of the $1,000,000 Irish Victory Fund sought for the purpose of "putting the Irish question before the American people in its true light" when he attended the Irish race convention February 23.

The appeal points out that the Irish gave freely of blood and money to help American Independence in 1776, and that we owe a debt to Ireland like the one we have just paid to France and Lafayette. It also states that when Benjamin Franklin visited Ireland in the troublesome times of the Revolution, he stated in an address before the Irish Parliament that he hoped the day would come when a champion of Irish freedom would address the Congress of free America.

It is also pointed out that in the war just finished more than half a million Irishmen from Ireland, England, Canada and more than a million from America fought to save democracy. The Irish who fought in all of our wars to preserve American liberty also are mentioned.

President Wilson's speeches are quoted in which he says "Shall there be a common standard of right and privilege for all peoples and nations, or shall the strong do as they will, and the weak suffer without redress?" and "Shall strong nations be free to wrong weak nations and make them subject to their purpose and interests?"

PLENTY OF GOOD MANUFACTURED ICE. WM. EVERHART.

The New Victory Model Mitchell Sixes

50% Added Strength in all essential parts.

Rear Axle 50% increased strength. Break 75% increased efficiency. Crank Shaft 35% increase in strength. New and Improved method in fitting cylinder walls and pistons gives more power and less consumption of Gasoline.

Engineers figure that car strength has been increased 50 per cent, endurance 75 per cent, economy 25 per cent, comfort and beauty 20 per cent.

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Because "THEY DO LAST LONGER"

We take care of your TUBE REPAIRING on Short Notice.

The U. S. Copper Cable Co.

East Side Square.

Maryville, Mo.

Styles Are Modest, They Say.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—The charge that Chicago women and their dress are the cause of men flirting with them, made recently by Mrs. George Rasmussen, whose husband was haled to court on charges of Yeona Hall, an actress, who claimed that Rasmussen "flirted" with her, is being resented by a number of Chicago women.

They claim that styles never were more modest and sensible than at the present time.

Mrs. Heatin Ownsley of Glencoe, in discussing the question, said:

"Chicago women not only dress sensibly, but modestly. Some extremists there are, of course, but they are in such a minority as to make Mrs. Rasmussen's charge absolutely ridiculous."

Mrs. Edward Leight, said to be one of Chicago's best dressed women, said:

"A trim ankle is never immodest. Decollete is very much lower in Paris and skirts ridiculously higher."

Amelia Sears, welfare worker and official of the Associated Charities, said Mrs. Rasmussen's statement gave her "quite a chuckle," and continued:

"No matter what the dress of our women happens to be, a man should not be so weak as to have such a statement made in defense of his succumbing to a temptation to risk a flirtation."

NEW W. S. S. CERTIFICATE

Treasury Department Authorizes Denominations of $100 to $1,000 for Investors.

The Kansas City Federal Reserve Bank has ordered from the Treasury Department a supply of the new Treasury Savings Certificates, series of 1919, which on July 2d were authorized by the Department in denominations of $100.00 and $1,000.00. They are in registered form and are in addition to the 1919 War Savings Certificates previously issued. War Savings Stamps of the denomination of $5.00 are convertible into these new securities which bear the same rate of interest as the Savings Stamps, 4 per cent, compounded quarterly. The $100.00 certificates are convertible into the $1,000.00 certificates and the limit of investment of $1,000.00 for each individual, which is the feature of the Savings Stamp issue, is retained in the new certificates.

Treasury Savings Certificates in the denomination of $100.00 (maturity value) may be purchased at the post-offices of the first and second class and such other postoffices as the Post-office Department may designate for that purpose. Both the $100.00 and $1,000.00 denominations may be purchased at incorporated banks and trust companies which are agents for the sale of War Savings Certificates.

The new certificates will be issued only in registered form and shall bear the name of the owner inscribed by the agent at the time of purchase and will not be valid unless the owner's names is thus inscribed. The certificates will not be transferable and will be payable only to the owner named thereon except in case of death or disability of the owner.

The new issue is exempt both as to principal and interest from federal, state or local taxation, except estate or inheritance taxes, surtaxes and excess profits and war profits taxes.

Treasury Savings Certificates will be redeemed at face value on January 1, 1924, and will be issued for the remainder of 1919 at the following prices:

Month	$100 Certificate	$1,000 Certificate
July	$83.60	$836.00
August	83.80	838.00
September	84.00	840.00
October	84.20	842.00
November	84.40	844.00
December	84.60	846.00

Would Spare Her Strength.

"Did you make this bread, dearie?"

"Yes, love."

"Well, I'd rather you didn't do any more work like this, dearest."

"Why not, sweetheart?"

"It's too heavy, angel."—London Tid-Bits.

WILSON ANSWERS SENATE QUERIES

Says He Sees No Reasonable Objection to Reservations Concerning League.

CONFERENCE AT WHITE HOUSE

The President Asserts United States Surrenders No Powers and May Withdraw at Will.

Washington, D. C., —President Wilson and the members of the foreign relations committee of the senate, met at the White House Tuesday to discuss the peace treaty.

The President opened the discussion by impressing on the senators the urgency of prompt ratification of the treaty without amendment and without reservations that would require resubmission of the treaty to the other signatories, especially Germany.

The President said that the interest of every class of people, the farmers, industrial workers and employers demanded prompt ratification to the end that stable conditions of industry, agriculture and employment be re-established. The President's address which was in effect an address to the country follows:

Mr. Chairman: I hope that this conference will serve to expedite your consideration of the treaty of peace. I beg that you will pardon and indulge me if I again urge that practically the whole task of bringing the country back to normal conditions of life and industry waits upon the decision of the senate with regard to the terms of the peace.

I venture thus again to urge my advice that the action of the senate with regard to the treaty be taken at the earliest practicable moment because the problems with which we are face to face in the readjustment of our national life are of the most pressing and critical character, will require for their proper solution the most intimate and disinterested co-operation of all parties and all interests, and cannot be postponed without manifest peril to our people and to all the national advantages we hold most dear.

The copper mines of Montana, Arizona, and Alaska for example are being kept open and in operation only at a great cost and loss in part upon borrowed money; the zinc mines of Missouri, Tennessee, and Wisconsin are being operated at about one-half their capacity; the lead of Idaho, Illinois and Missouri reaches only a portion of its former market; there is an immediate need for cotton belting and also for lubricating oil which cannot be met—all because the channels of trade are barred by war when there is no war. The same is true of raw cotton, of which the Central Empires alone formally purchased, nearly four million bales, and these are only examples. There is hardly a single raw material, a single important food stuff or a single class of manufactured goods which is not in the same case. Our full, normal profitable production waits on peace.

Our military plans of course wait upon it. We cannot intelligently or wisely decide how large a naval or military force we shall maintain or what our policy with regard to military training is to be until we have peace not only, but also until we know how peace is to be sustained, whether by the arms of single nations or by the concert of all the great peoples, and there is more than that difficulty involved. The vast surplus properties of the army include not food and clothing merely, whose sale will affect normal production but great manufacturing establishments also, which should be restored to their former uses, great stores of machine tools and all sorts of merchandise which must lie idle until peace and military policy are definitely determined.

The nations that ratify the treaty, such as Great Britain, Belgium and France, will be in a position to lay their plans for controlling the markets of Central Europe without competition from us, if we do not presently act. We have no consular agents, no trade representatives there to look after our interests.

There are large areas of Europe whose future will lie uncertain and questionable until their people know the final settlements of peace and the forces which are to administer and sustain it. Without determined markets our production cannot proceed with intelligent confidence. There can be no easy or normal industrial credits because there can be no confident or permanent revival of business. There can be no stabilization of wages because there can be no settled conditions of employment.

Every element of normal life amongst us depends upon and awaits the ratification of the treaty of peace; and we cannot afford to lose a single summer's day by not doing all that we can to mitigate the winter's suffering, which unless we find means to prevent it, may prove disastrous to a large portion of the world, and may at its worst bring upon Europe conditions even more terrible than those brought by the war itself.

Nothing I am led to believe, stands in the way of the ratification of the treaty except doubts with regard to the meaning and implication of certain articles of the covenant of the league of nations; and I must frankly say that I am unable to understand why such doubts should be entertained. You will recall that when I had the pleasure of a conference with your committee and with the committee of the house of representatives on foreign affairs at the White House in March last, the questions now most frequently asked about the league of nations were all canvassed with a view to their immediate clarification. The covenant of the league was then in its first draft and subject to revision. It was pointed out that no express recognition was given to the Monroe Doctrine, that it was not expressly provided that the league should have no authority to act or to express a judgment on matters of domestic policy, that the right to withdraw from the league was not expressly recognized and that the constitutional rights of the congress to determine all questions of peace and war was not sufficiently safeguarded. On my return to Paris all these matters were taken up again by the commission on the league of nations and every suggestion of the United States was accepted.

The view of the United States with regard to the questions I have mentioned had, in fact, already been accepted by the commission and there was supposed to be nothing inconsistent with them in the draft of the covenant first adopted, the draft which was the subject of our discussion in March, but no objection was made to anything explicitly in the text that all had supposed to be implicit in it.

The Monroe Doctrine is expressly mentioned as an understanding which is in no way to be impaired, or interfered with by anything contained in the covenant and the expression "regional understanding like the Monroe Doctrine" was used not because any one of the conference thought there was any comparable agreement anywhere else in existence or in contemplation, but only ebcause it was thought best to avoid the appearance of dealing in such a document with the policy of a single nation.

With regard to domestic questions, Article Sixteen of the covenant expressly provides that, if in case of any dispute arising between members of the league the matter involved is claimed by one of the parties "and is found by the council to arise out of a matter which by international law is solely within the domestic jurisdiction of that party, the council shall so report and shall make no recommendations as to its settlements."

The United States was by no means the only government interested in the explicit adoption of this provision, and there is no doubt in the mind of any authoritative student of international law that such matters as immigration, tariffs, and naturalization are incontestably domestic questions with which no international body could deal.

The right of any state to withdraw had been taken for granted but no objection was made to making it explicit. Indeed, so soon as the views expressed at the White House conference were laid before the commission it was at once conceded that it was best to leave the answer to so important a question to inference. No proposal was made to set up any tribunal to pass judgment upon the question whether a withdrawing nation had in fact fulfilled "all its international obligations and all its obligation under the covenant." It was recognized that that question must be left to be resolved by the conscience of the nation proposing to withdraw; and I must say that it did not seem to me worth while to propose that the article be made more explicit because I know that the United States would never wish to propose to withdraw from the league if its conscience was not entirely clear as to the fulfillment of all its international obligations. It has never failed to fulfill them and never will.

Article Ten is in no respect of doubtful meaning when read in the light of the covenant as a whole. The council of the league can only "advise upon" the means by which the obligations of that great article are to be given effect to. Unless the United States is a party to the policy or action in question, her own affirmative vote in the council is necessary before any advice can be given for a unanimous vote of the council is required. If she is a party, the trouble is hers anyhow, and the unanimous vote of the council is only advice in any case.

Each government is free to reject it if it pleases. Nothing could have been made more clear to the conference than the right of our congress under our constitution to exercise its independent judgment in all matters of peace and war. No attempt was made to question or limit that right. The United States will indeed undertake under Article Ten to "respect and preserve as against external aggression of the territorial integrity and existing political independence of all members of the league," and that engagement constitutes a very grave and solemn moral obligation, but it is a moral not a legal obligation and leaves our congress absolutely free to put its own interpretation upon it in all cases that call for action.

Article Ten seems to me to constitute the very backbone of the whole covenant. Without it the league would be hardly more than an influential debating society.

It has several times been suggested in public debate and in private conference that interpretations of the sense in which the United States accepts the engagements of the covenant should be embodied in the instrument of ratification. There can be no reasonable objection to such interpretations accompanying the act of ratification provided they do not form a part of the formal ratification itself. But if such interpretations should constitute a part of the formal resolution of ratification long delays would be the inevitable consequence in as much as all the many governments concerned would have to accept in effect the language of the senate as the language of the treaty before ratification would be complete. The assent of the German assembly at Weimar would have to be obtained among the rest and I must frankly say that I could only with the greatest reluctance approach that assembly for permission to read the treaty as we understand it and as those who framed it quite certainly understand it. If the United States were to qualify the document in any way, moreover, I am confident from what I know of the many conferences and debates which accompanied the formulation of the treaty that our example would immediately be followed in many quarters, in some instances with very serious reservations and that the meaning and operative force of the treaty would presently be clouded from one end of its clauses to the other.

WOMEN DEMAND WARS SHALL END

Peace League Means More to Them Than It Can Mean to Men.

DR. SHAW'S STIRRING PLEA.

(By the Late Dr. Anna Howard Shaw.)

Seven million one hundred thousand men who had laid down their lives in the great war. Think of it! Seven million, one hundred thousand young men had died on the field of battle!

What does that mean to the women of the world? It means that seven million one hundred thousand women walked day by day with their faces toward an open grave that they might give life to a son. It means that seven million one hundred thousand little children lay in the arms of a mother whose love had made them face even the terrors of death that they might become the mothers of men.

It means that year after year these women had put up their lives into the lives of their sons until they had reared them to be men. For what? In the hope that these sons of theirs could give to the world the things for which women dream, the things for which women hope and pray and long. These were the things that the women had in their hearts when they gave birth to their sons.

But who can estimate the value of seven million one hundred thousand dead sons of the women of the world? Who can estimate the price which the women have paid for this war; what it has cost them, not only in the death of their sons, because that is a phase of our war to which we look.

The Courage of Women.

We hear our orators tell us of the courage of our men. How they went across the sea. Very few of them remember to tell us of the courage of our women, who also went across the sea; of the women who died nursing the sick and wounded; the women who died in the hospitals, where the terrible bombs came and drove them almost to madness. They tell us nothing of the forty thousand English women who went to work back of the trenches in France.

They tell us nothing of the thousands upon thousands upon thousands of women who not only toiled and worked and slaved in order that the war might be successful, but we do not hear of the thousands of women, not alone in Armenia, not alone in Montenegro, not alone in Serbia, but in Flanders, in Belgium, in Rumania, in Russia—the thousands of women who lie in graves today, murdered, so horribly murdered that men dare not speak of it.

And yet we women are asked what we know about the League of Nations; asked what we can understand about a League of Nations. Oh men! the horrible deaths; the horrible lives of thousands upon thousands of women today in all these nations, who must live, and who must look in the faces of children unwelcomed, undesired—of little children—and know that these are the result of war.

And then ask women why they should be interested in a league of peace?

Women Suffer Most From War.

If there is any body of citizens in the world who ought to be interested in a league to ultimately bring to the world peace it is the mothers of men, and the women who suffered as only women can suffer in the war and in devastated countries.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

WANTS

THAT BRING RESULTS

Classified "wants", one cent per word first insertion and one half cent per word or each subsequent insertion, no advertisement for less than.....25c
Classified wants, by the month, per line (six words) per month.....70c
Count the words; send money with the order. Ads should be in by twelve o'clock to insure insertion in this column same day.
These prices are for CASH with order. An extra charge of Five Cents will be made on all Want Ads when cash does not accompany the order.

FOR SALE.

Equitable
Life, Health and Accident
"Buy it of Brewer."

FARMS for sale in Bates county, 60 to 70 miles south of Kansas City. Productive soil, smooth land, good improvements, mild winters. $65 to $125 per acre. Many families from Nodaway county have located in Bates county and all are highly pleased. Eugene Rathbun, agent, Maryville, Mo. Farmers Telephone 43-15.
N-TF-tf

FOR SALE—Apples, autumn varieties, at orchard 3½ miles north on Main street road. M. C. Thompson. Farmers phone 7-15. 1-6*

FOR SALE—1917 model Scripps Booth Sport Roadster equipped with new tires and run about 3800 miles in good condition. For demonstration see Fred Messbarger at the Farmers Bank at Parnell, Mo. 1-6

For Sale.

5 room house and three lots, located on South Walnut St. Has been remodeled recently. Electric lights, good well, cave, plenty of fruit and shade trees on the place. An excellent location for keeping a cow and chickens. Inqhire at this office. 1tf.

FOR SALE—15 head of shoats. Frank O'Reilly ½ mile east and ½ mile south of Engleman greenhouse. 2-4*

FOR SALE—Good sound tomatoes, $1.00 per bu.; others at 50c and 85c. Call Farmers 10-15. Mrs. John F. Meek. 2-4*

FOR SALE—Ford Sedan 1918 model. Normal Randall 310 E. 4th St. Farmers phone 258 3-5*

FOR SALE—An extra fine Jersey heifer 5 months old; worth the money. Martin Roots. 3-5*

Grapes for sale at 5c per pound. Mrs. A. E. Ford, northwest of Maryville. Farmers phone 14-17. 3-5

FOR SALE—about 3 tons Alfalfa hay, $25 per ton in field or $27.50 delivered. Peter Behm, Route 5, Farmers 219. 3-5*

FOR SALE—9 head of thoroughbred Shropshire bucks; one 3-year-old, 3 yearlings and 5 lambs. Priced right. M. T. Kling, Barnard, Mo. 4-6

FOR SALE—At public auction, the last of October, 60 head of big type pure bred Poland-China hogs. Write for catalog. M. T. Kling, Barnard, Mo. 4-6

TOMATOES—Come pick them yourself. 50c per bushel. John Graves, North Greenhouse. 4-6*

FOR RENT

WANTED TO RENT—small modern house, for at least a year. Call E. W. Glenn at Normal. 3-5*

FOR RENT—Dwelling with furnace, bath and electric lights. R. L. McJougal. 4-6*

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms. Hot water, heat, electric light and privilege of bath. Rooms suitable for four girls or four young men. Inquire at Hotel I. V. A. 82tf.

MISCELLANEOUS

REPAIRED AND REBUILT TIRES—Lowest Prices—every tire guaranteed. Kramer, the tire repair man, Maryville, Mo. With Sewell Auto Co. 9tf

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE—Any one wishing to buy or sell a farm, call on Robert M. Hostetter, Wilcox, Mo. A9-S8*

THE WAR IS OVER, but we still need iron. Will pay 50c per hundred for strictly cast iron, such as stoves, and farm machinery, burnt irons not included at this price. Will also pay highest prices for mixed scraps of iron. Armstrong's Foundry. J28tf.

CANDY HOUSE 1819 Ranstead St Philadelphia, Pa. A-18 S27
Candy-BIG PAY. ADVERTISE-MEN WOMEN.
Start one of our Specialty Candy Factories in your home, small room, any where. We tell how and furnish every thing. Grand opportunity.

WANTED—An experienced man with live stock. Good wages paid for man with good recommendations. C. H. Caldwell. Burlington Jct., Mo. 2-4*

LOST—$5.00 check payable to Mrs. H. L. Kenny, issued by John Griffith on Braddyville bank. Write Mrs. C. E. Graham, Elmo, Mo. 2-4*

WANTED by MONDAY—a girl for general housework. J. O. Collins, Farmers Phone Ravenwood. 2-4*

WANTED—A lady clerk at Thompson's Bakery, and grocery. 4-6*

LOST—License No. 139540, between Quitman and Maryville. Leave at Democrat-Forum office. 2-4*

CENSUS CLERKS, (men, women), 4000 needed. $92 month. Age 18 upward. Examinations everywhere soon. Experience unnecessary. For free particulars, writ J. Leonard (former Government Examiner) 750 Equitable Bldg. Washington. 30-6.

LOST—License No. 87563, also lamp post and bracket. Leave at Diss & Irby Garage. J. C. White. 2-4*

LOST—Five dollar gold piece watch charm. Reward. Return to this office. 3-5*

LOST—State license plate New Mexico 10447. Return to this office. 3-5*

WANTED—Farm hand. F. M. Grundel, Farmers phone 50-18. 3-5*

The Second Division of the M. E. Church will hold an all day market Saturday, Sept. 6, in the Zook building on North Main St. 3-5

LOST—between Joe Stark's and Hasting's properties a ladies black purse containing a $10 and $5.00 bill and a $35.00 note to Nodaway Valley bank. Reward if returned to this office. 3-5* z